

Before we can walk ...

(Anderson 2005)

mechanistic understanding
gained by
trait-based model development

Kai Wirtz

Modeling stages

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graph LR; Implementation((Implementation)) --> Simulations((Simulations)); Simulations --> Verification((Verification)); Verification --> Numerical_experiments((Numerical experiments)); Numerical_experiments --> Communication((Communication)); Communication --> Added_value[added value];
```

Implementation

Simulations

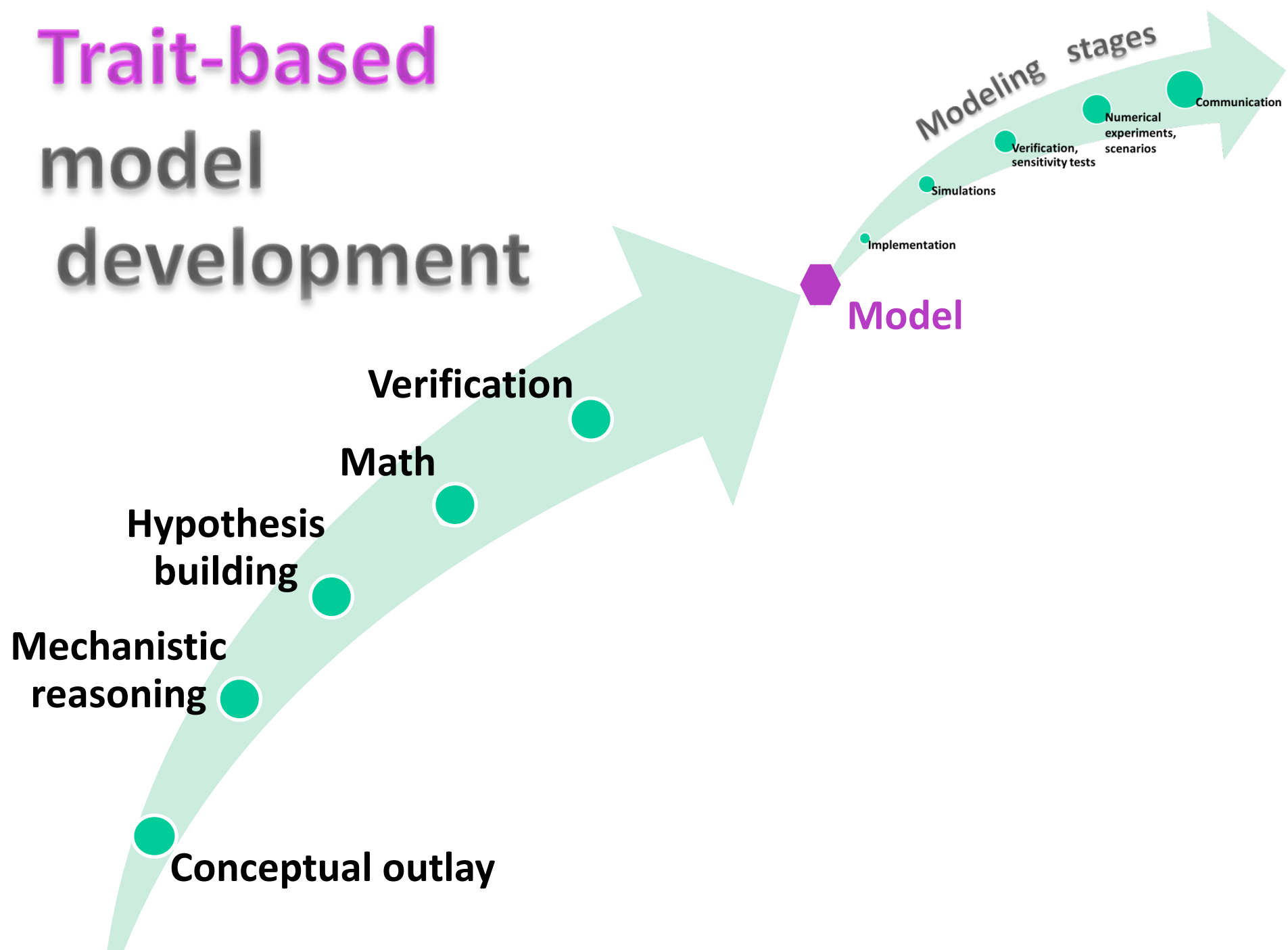
Verification

Numerical
experiments

Communication

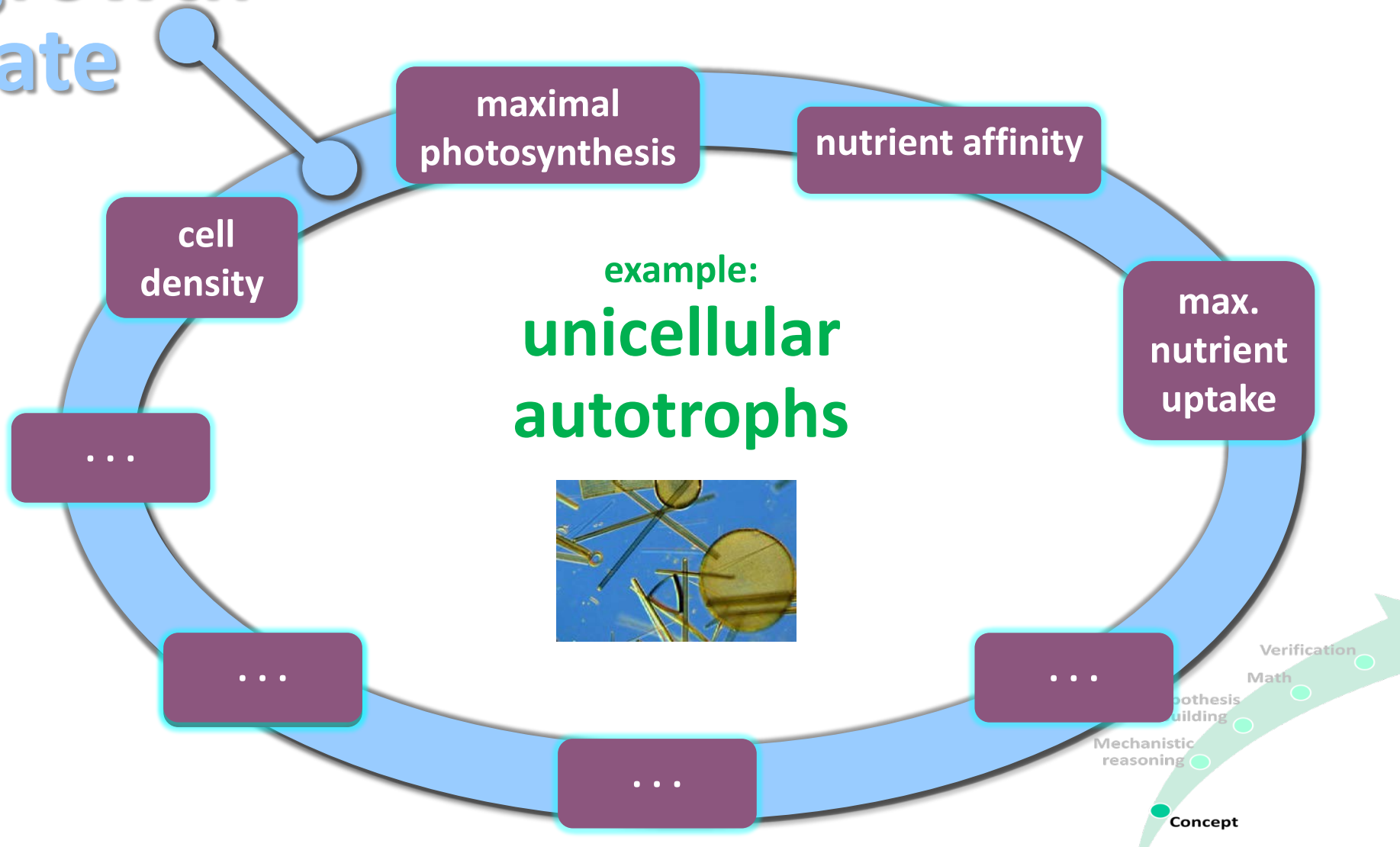
added
value

Trait-based model development

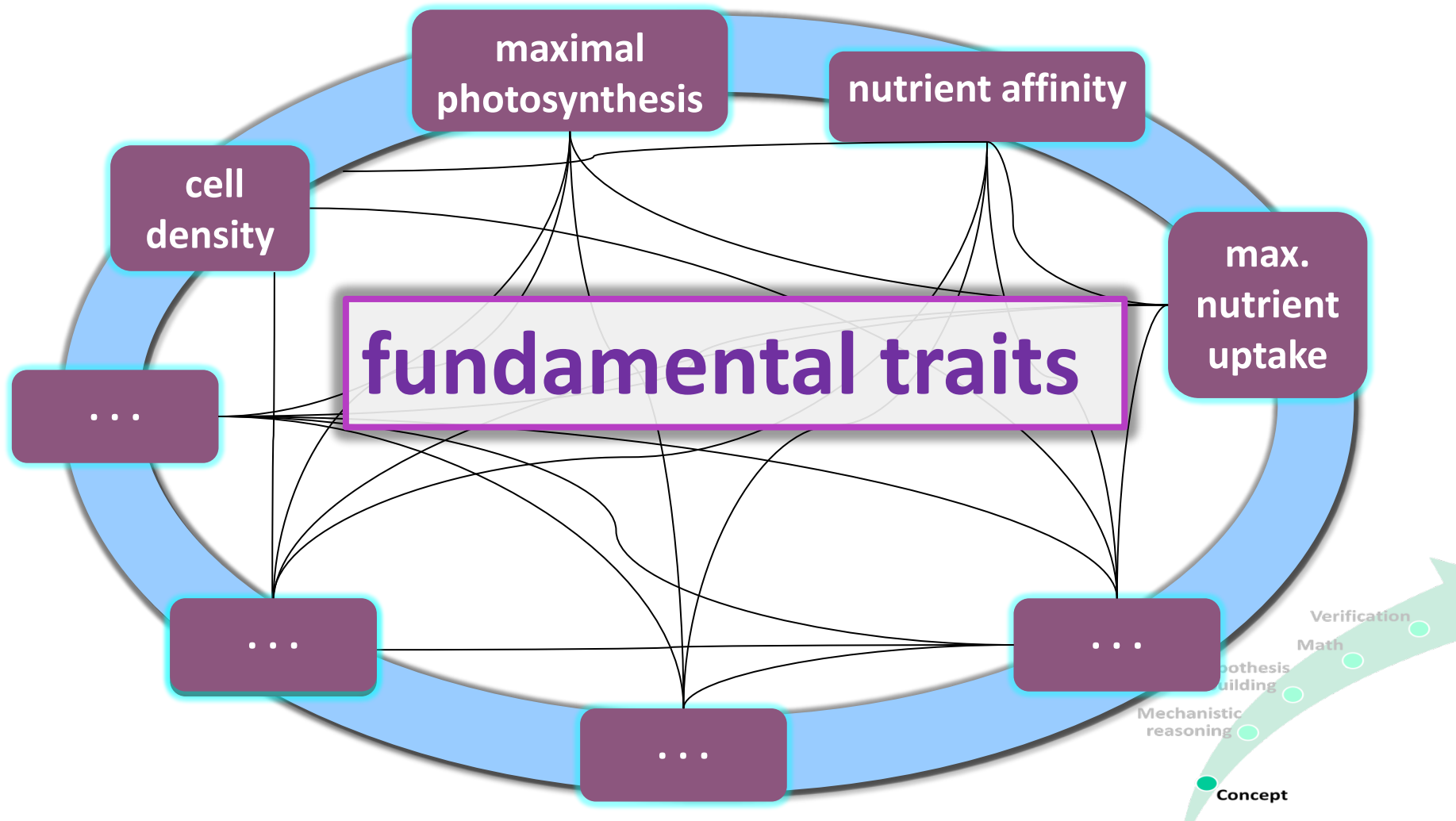


MANY growth related parameters

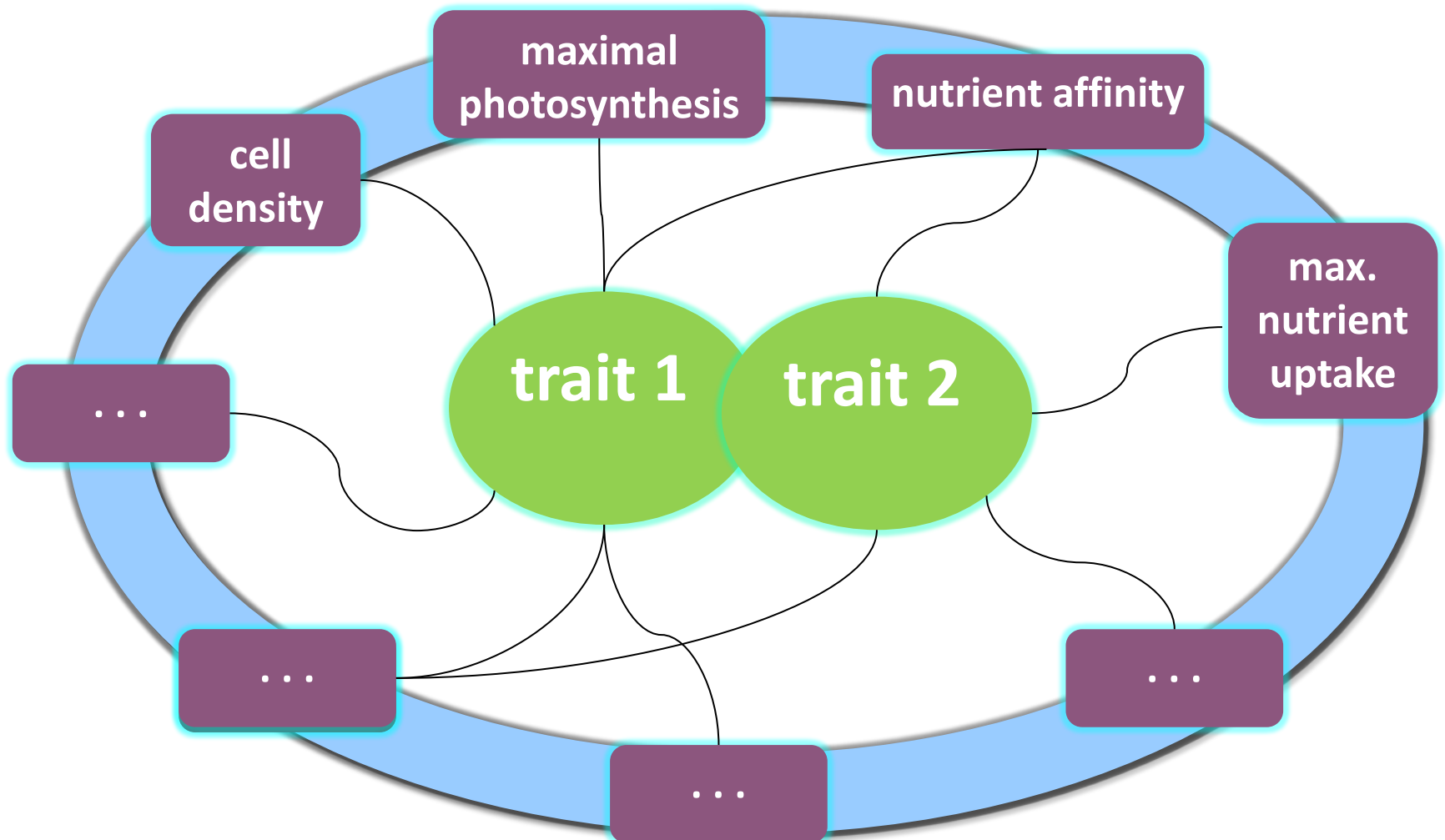
net
growth
rate



VERY MANY trade-offs



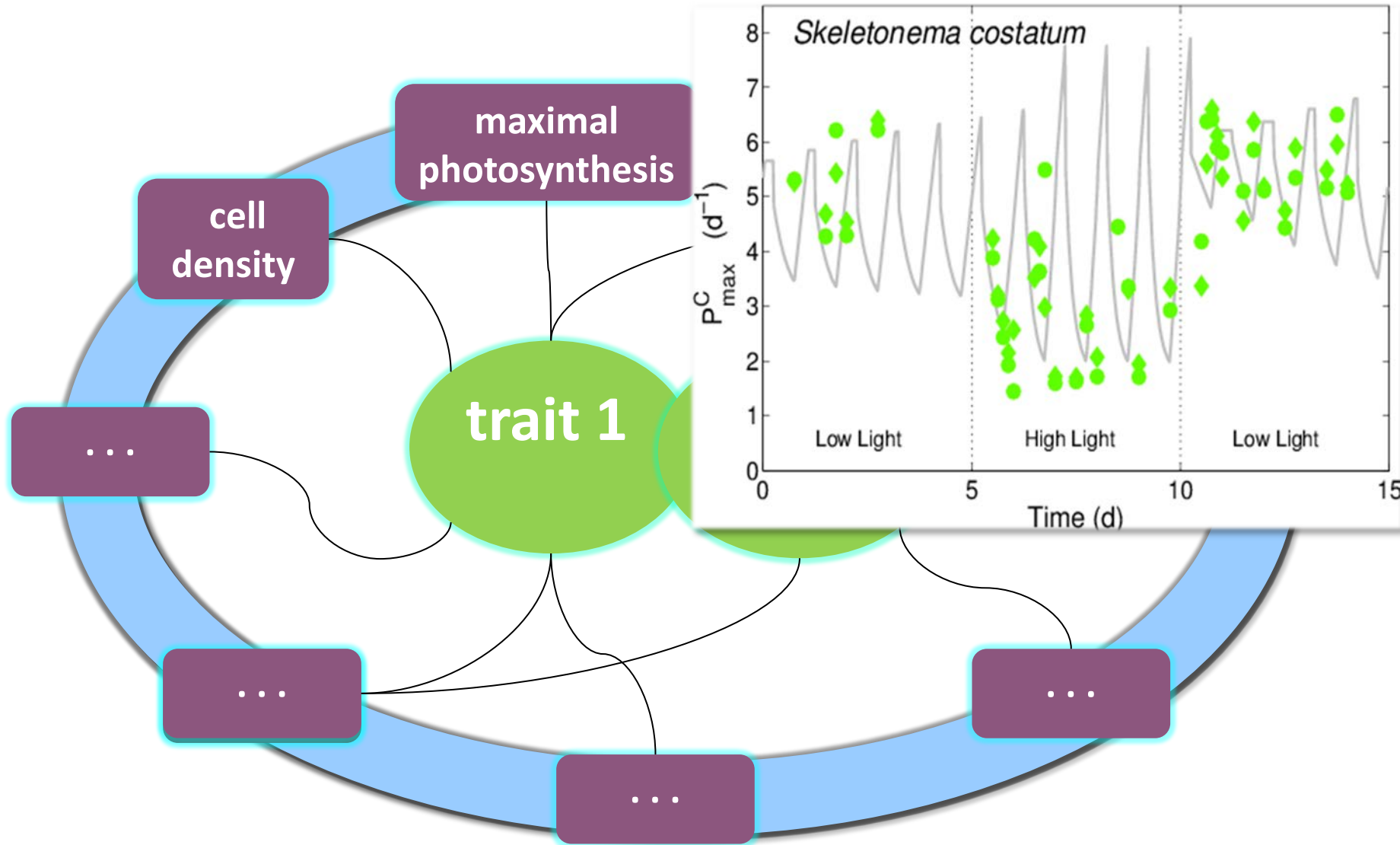
FEW fundamental traits



FEW fundamental traits

Wirtz & Pahlow 2010

Data from Geider & Anning (unpubl)



growth optimality: adaptive trait dynamics

growth rate μ

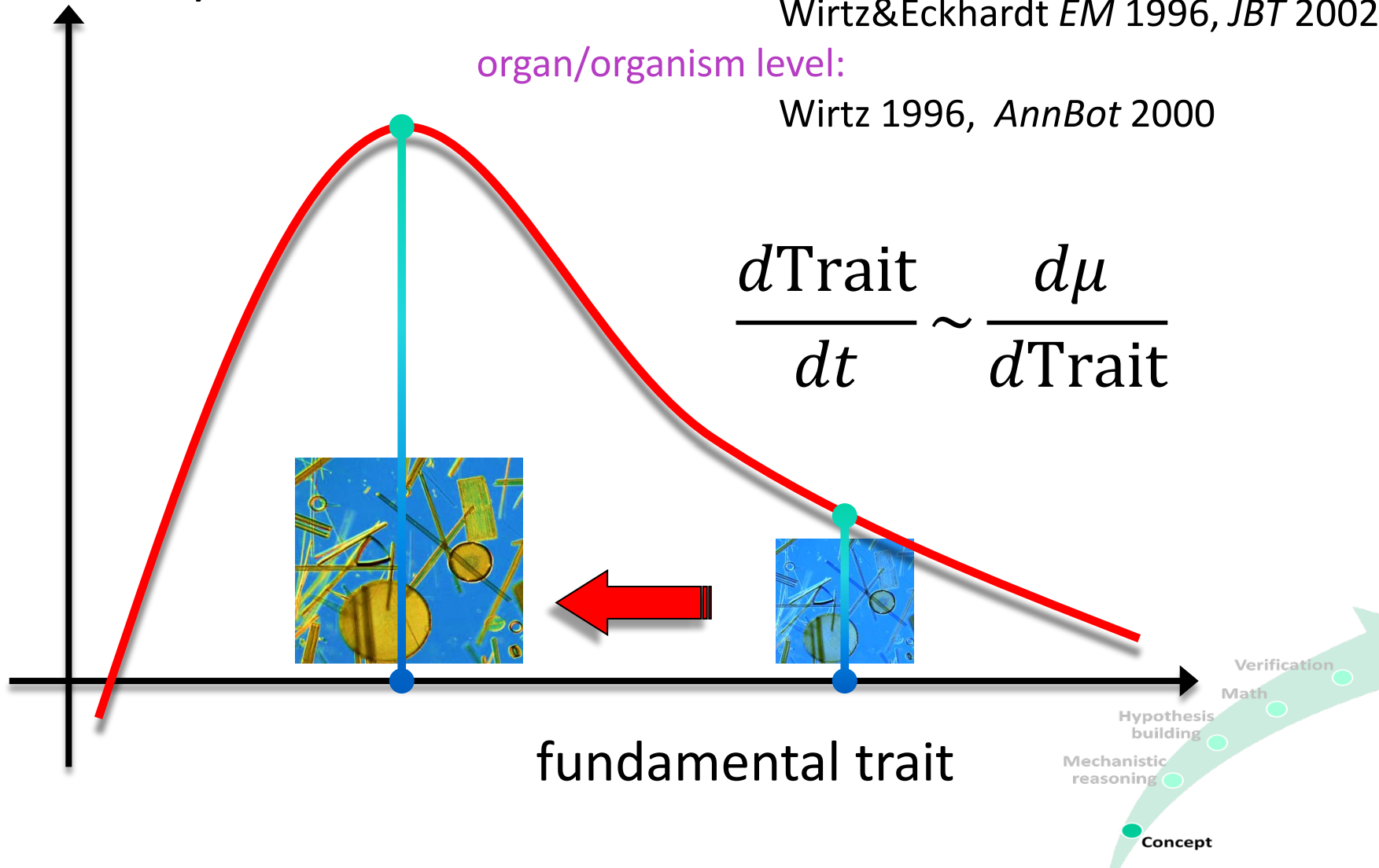
community/population level:

Wirtz&Eckhardt *EM* 1996, *JBT* 2002

organ/organism level:

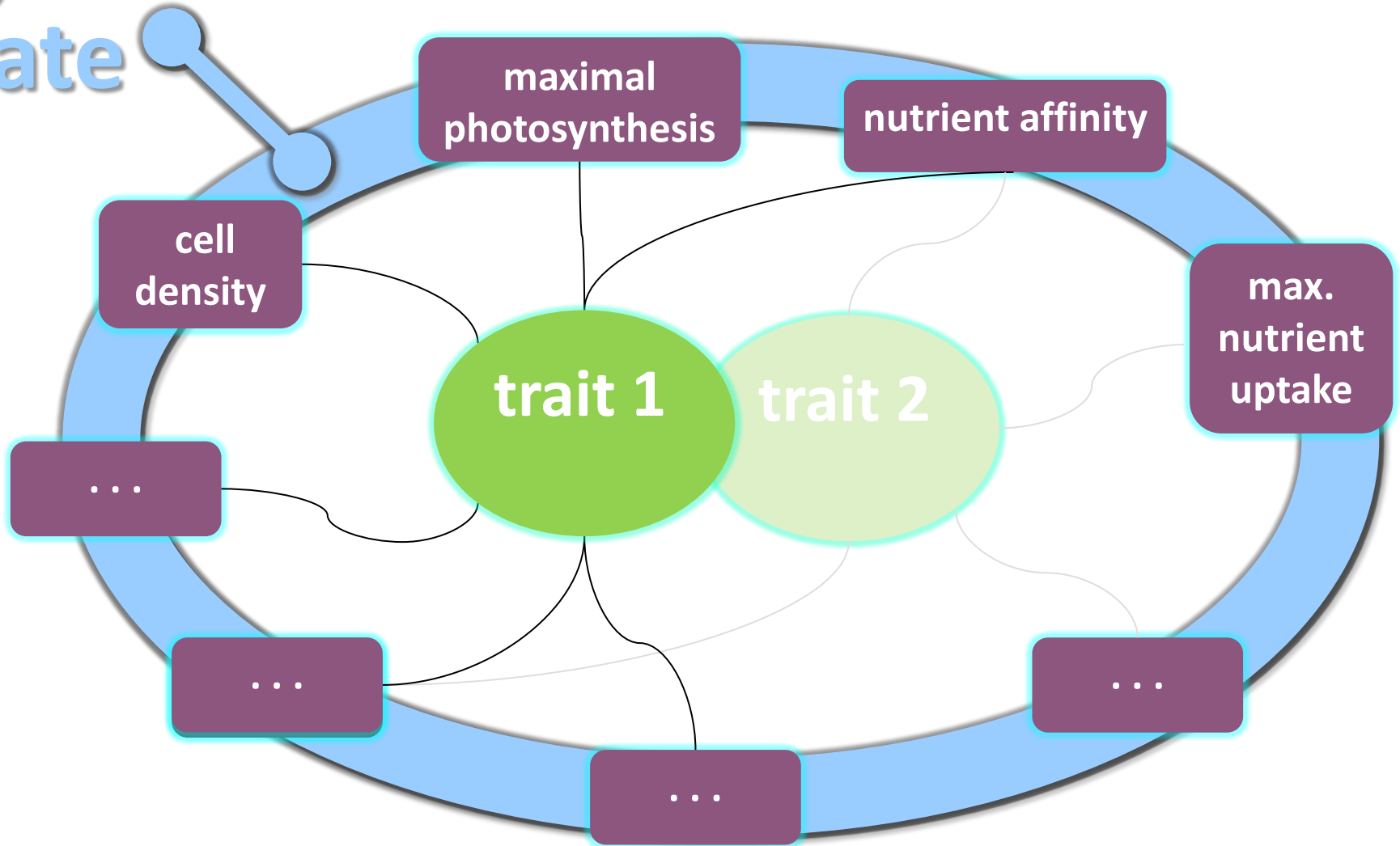
Wirtz 1996, *AnnBot* 2000

$$\frac{d\text{Trait}}{dt} \sim \frac{d\mu}{d\text{Trait}}$$

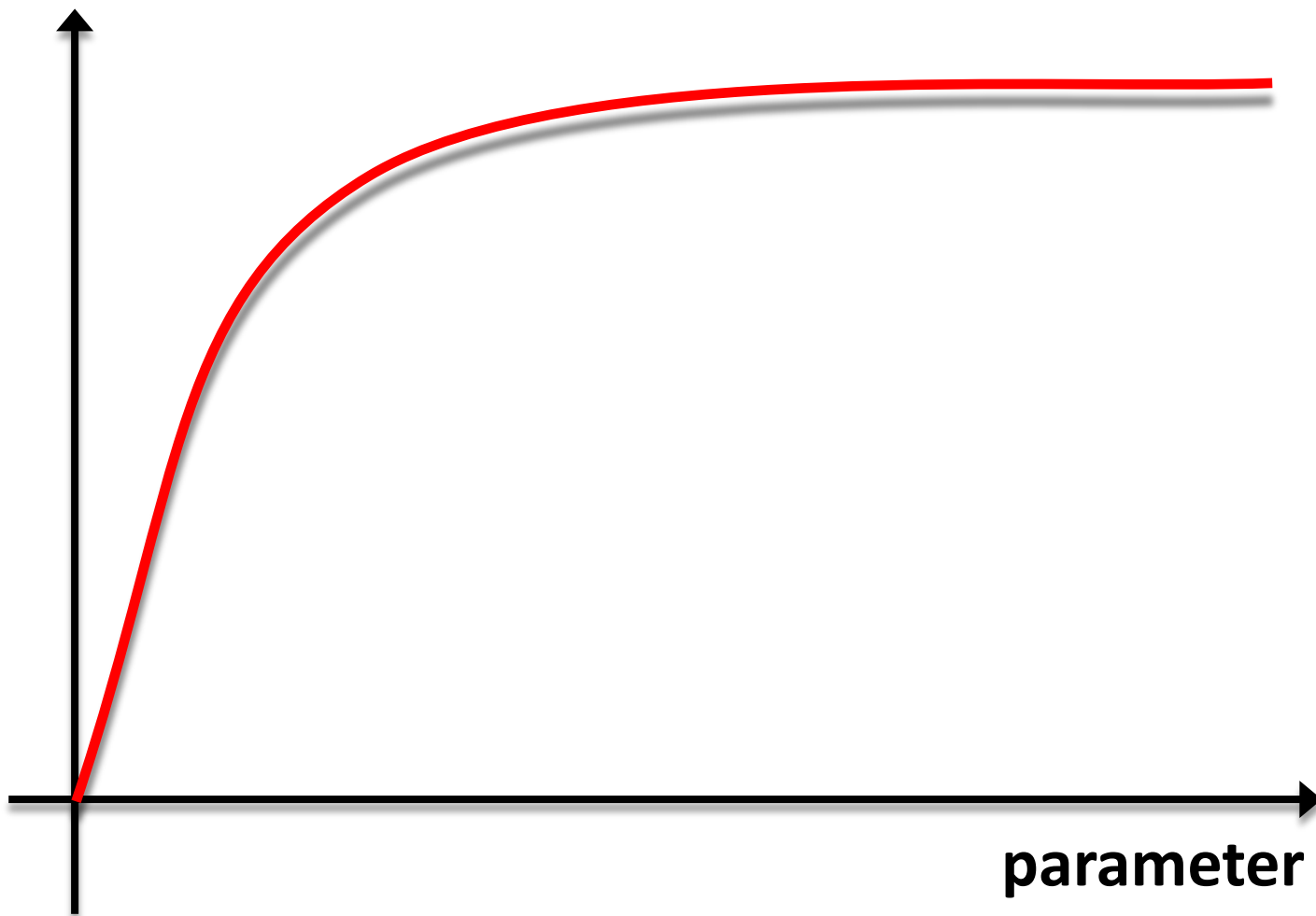


growth-trait relations

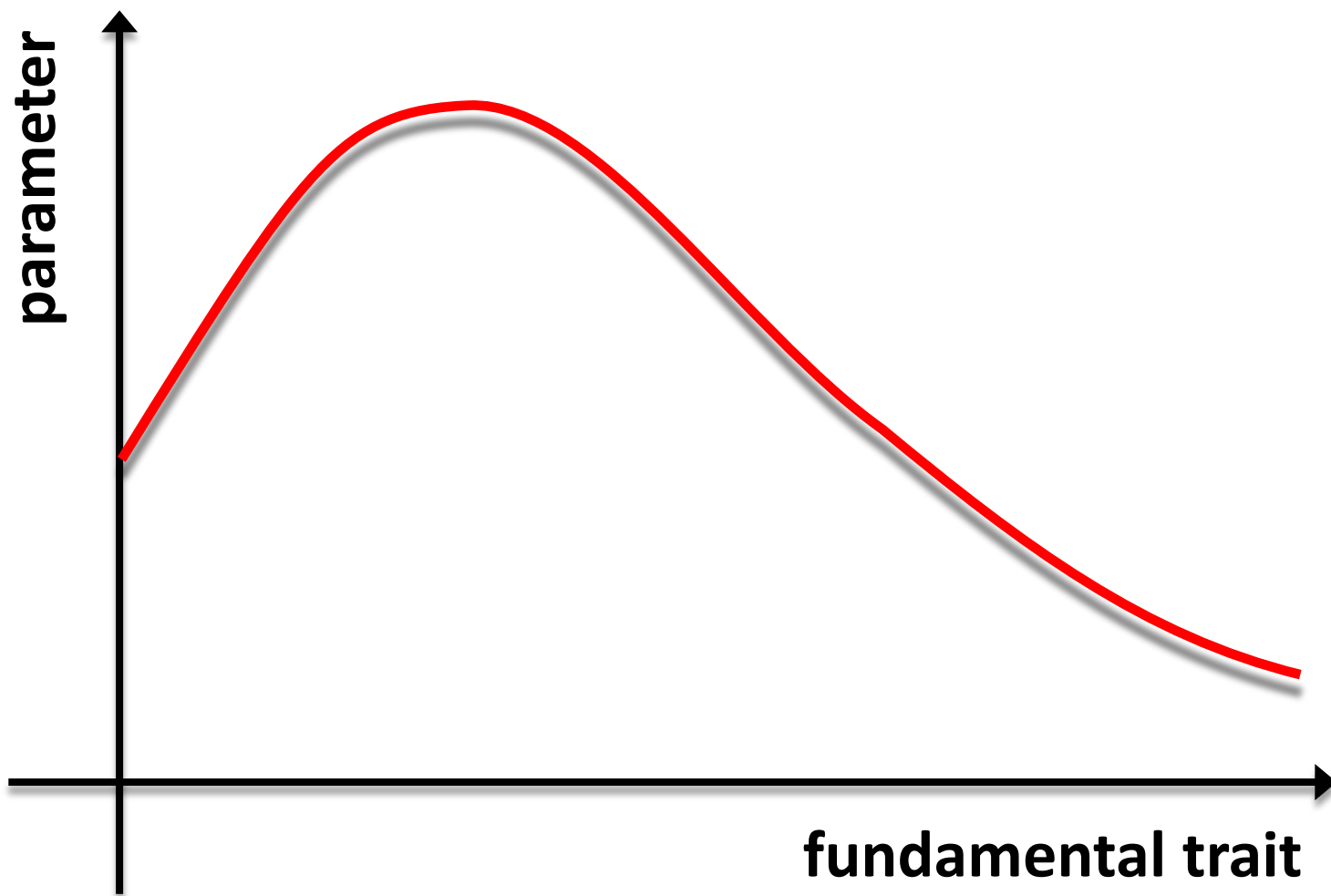
net
growth
rate



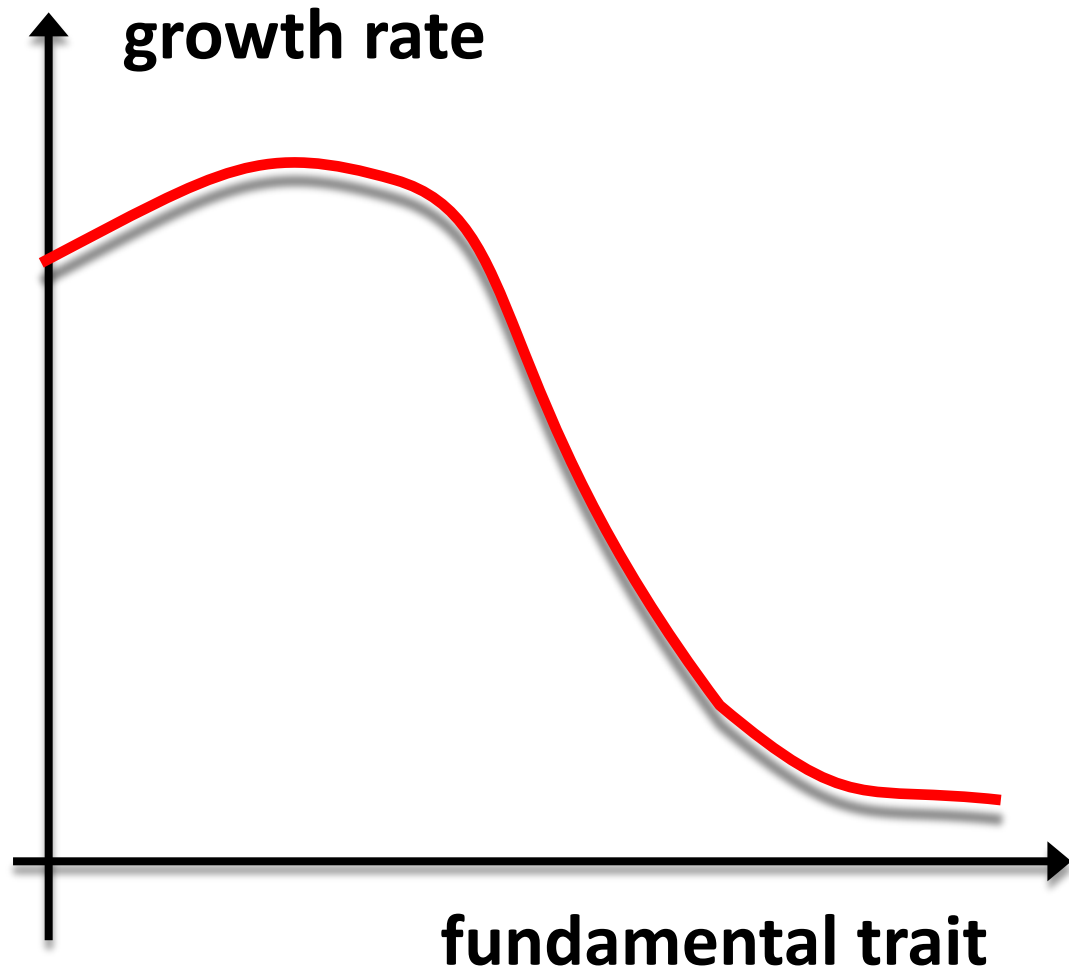
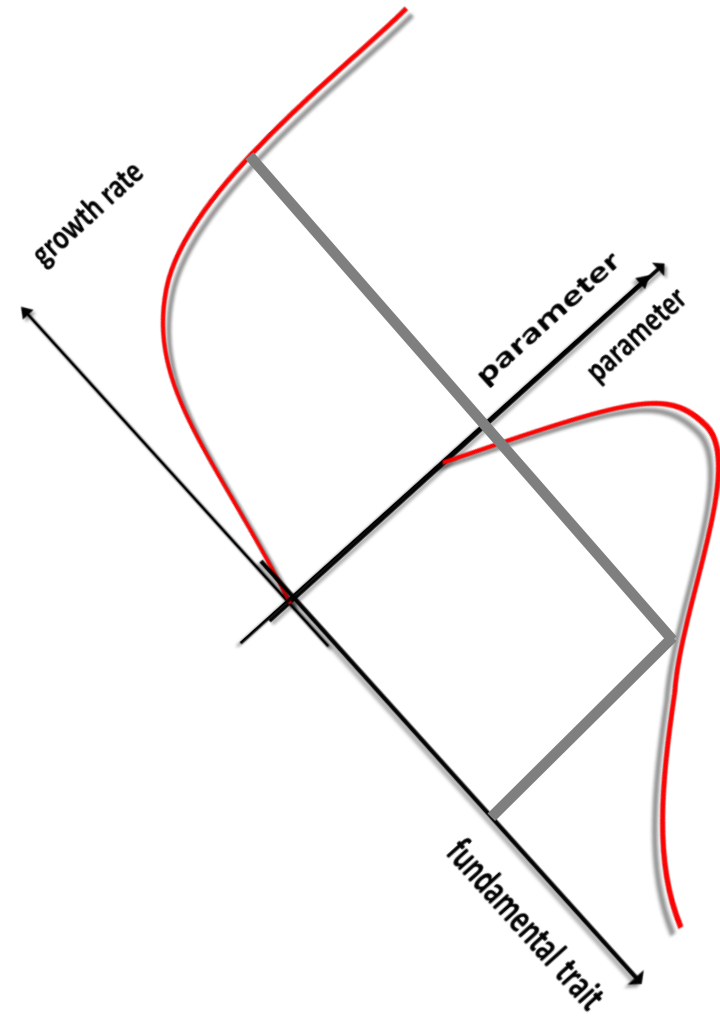
growth rate



parameter



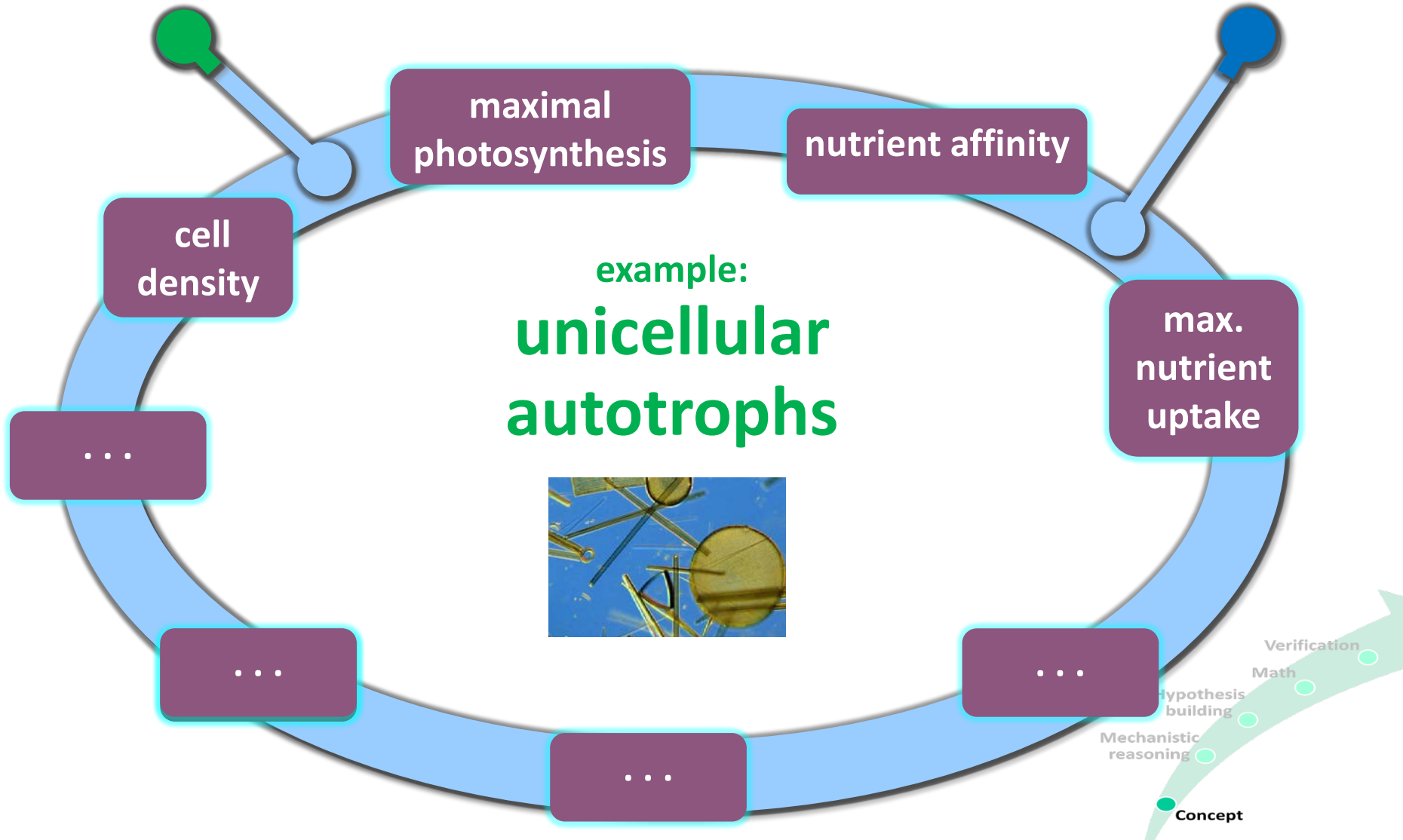
growth-trait relation



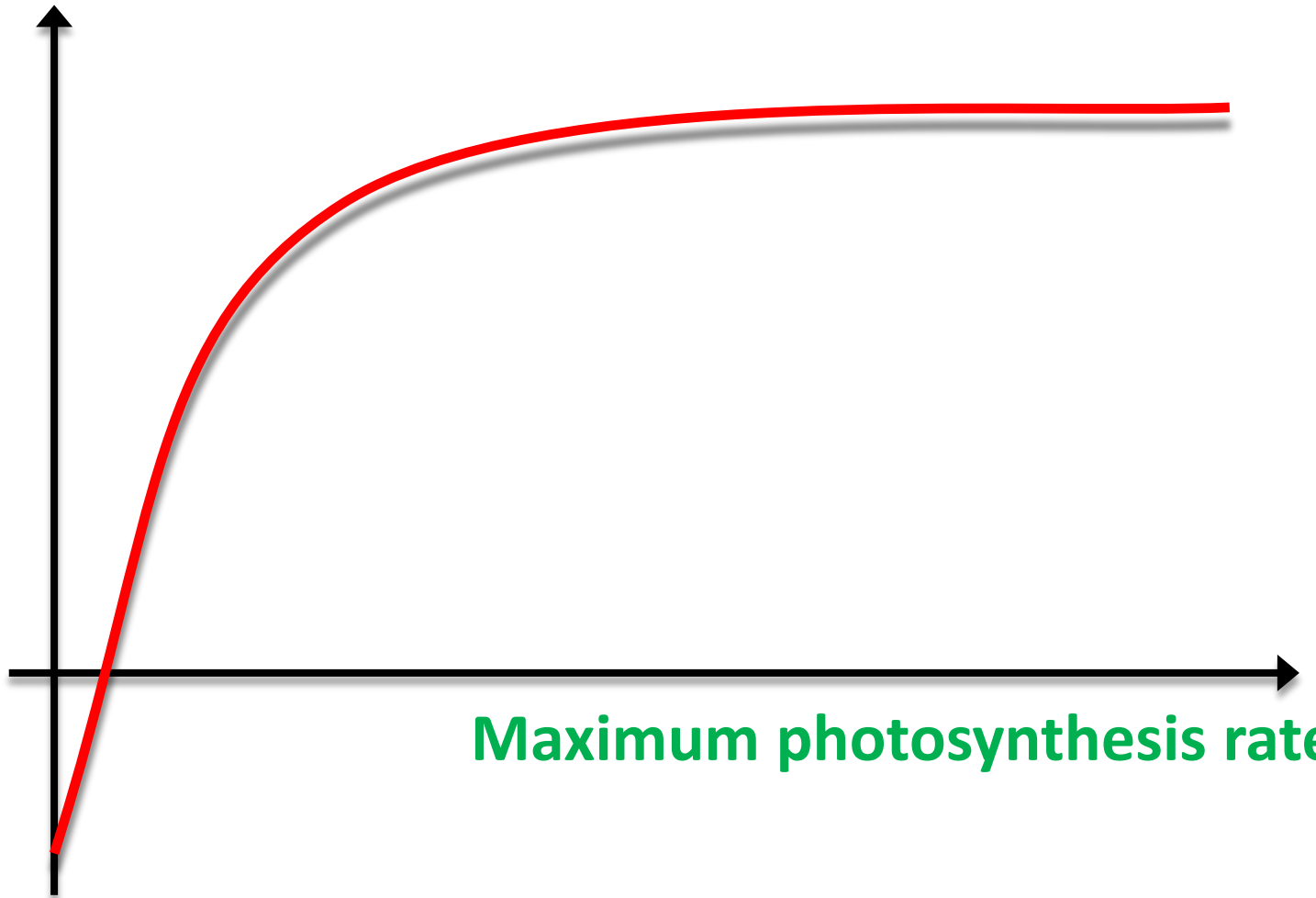
multi-criteria optimization

carbon growth

nitrogen assimilation

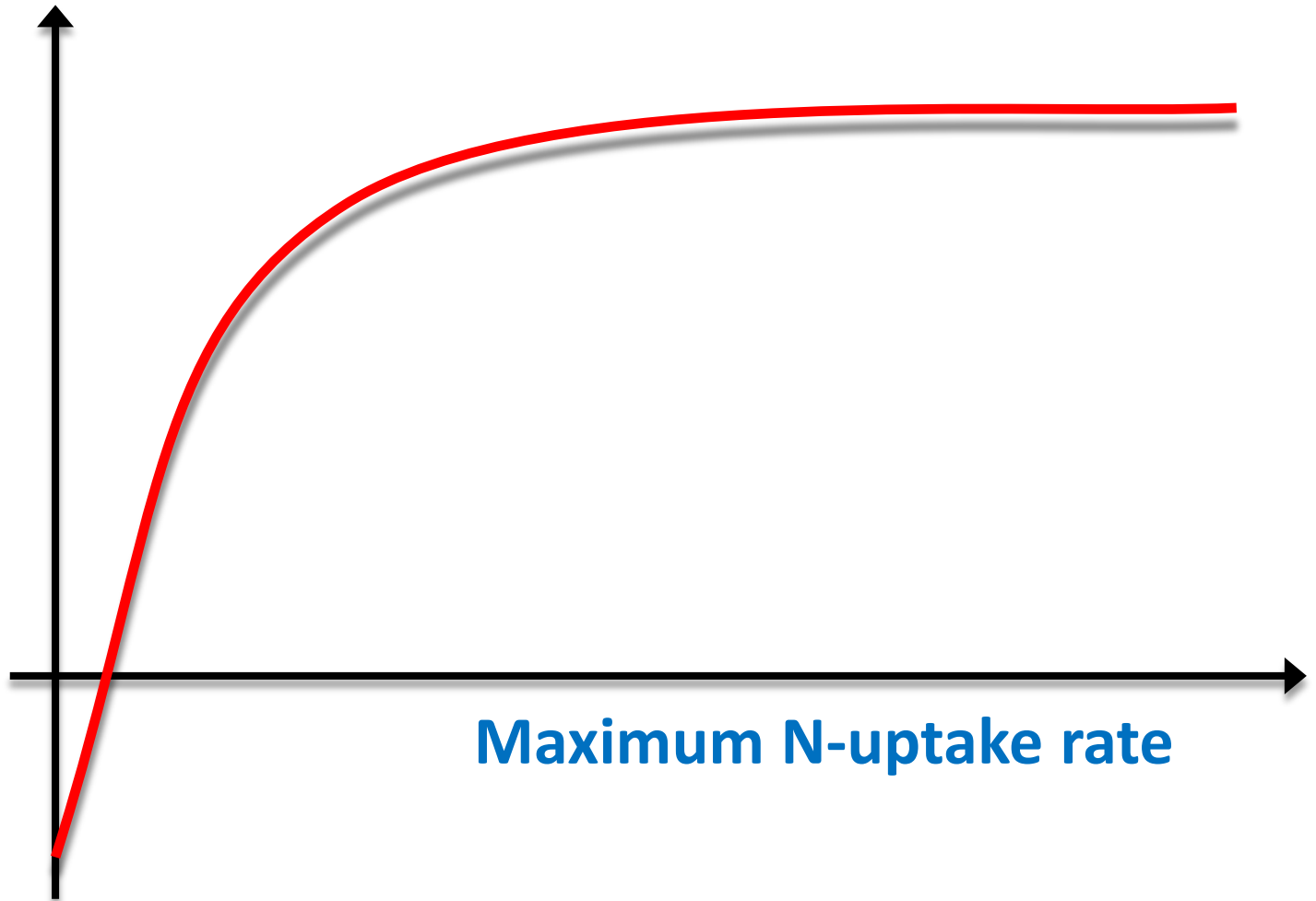


growth rate (carbon units)



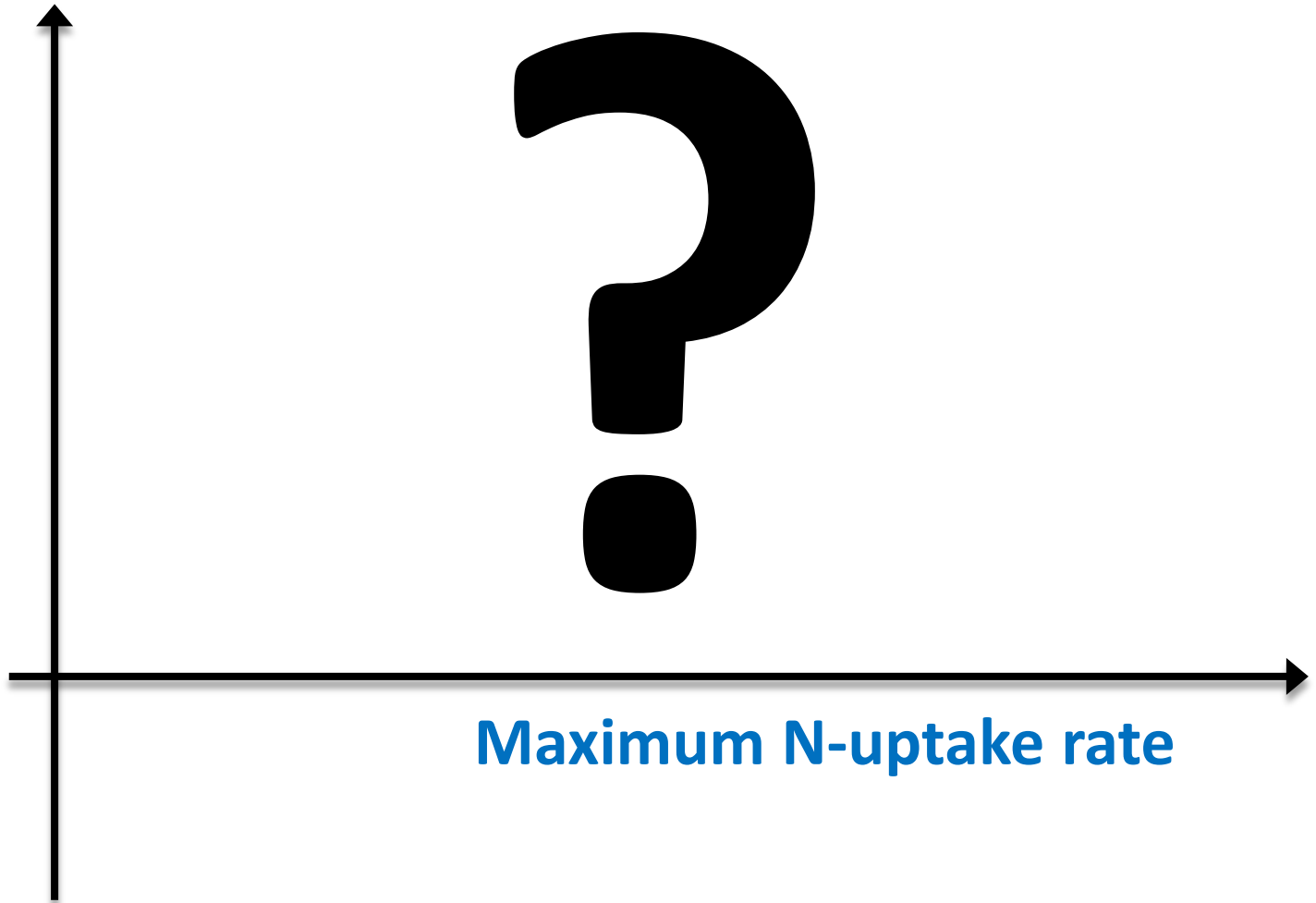
Maximum photosynthesis rate

growth rate (nitrogen units)



growth-trait relation (>1 goal function)

growth rate (carbon units)

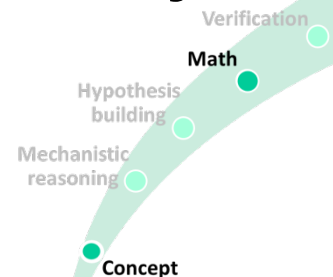
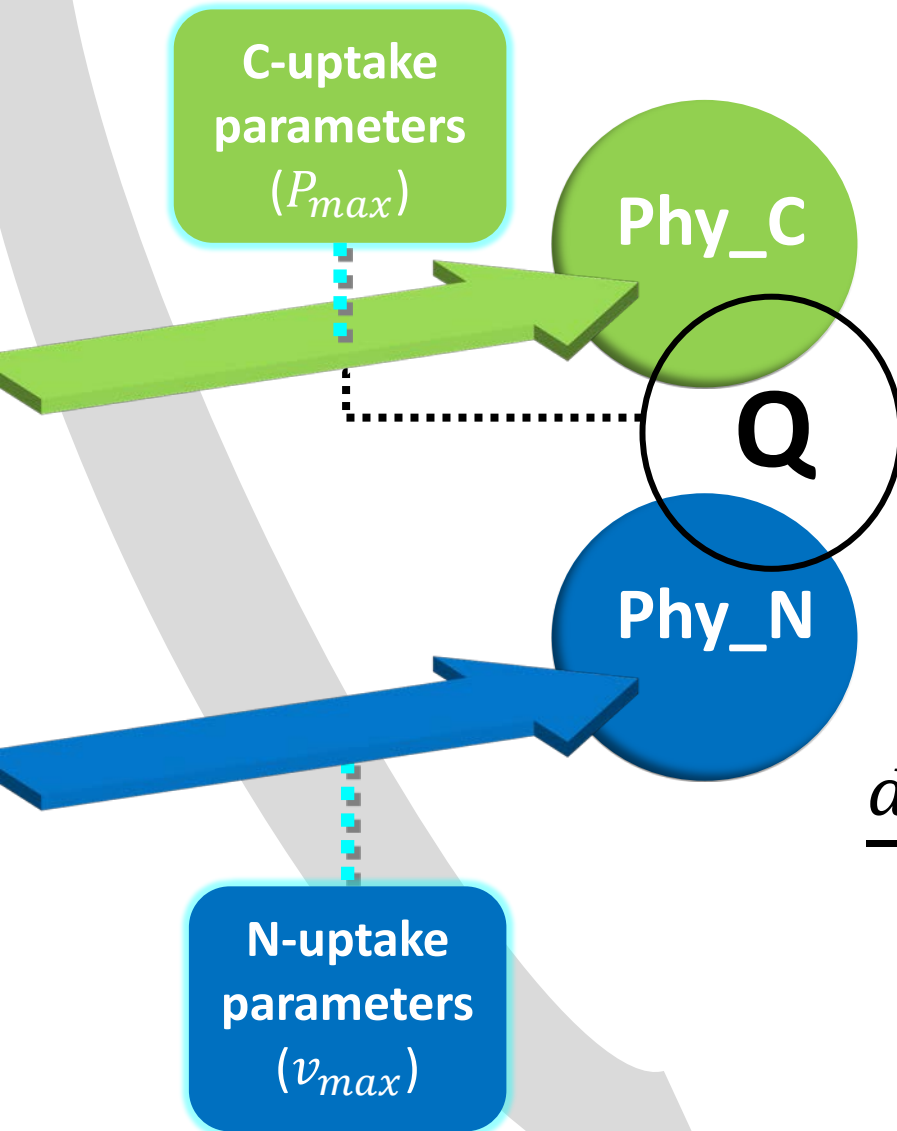


$$\frac{d\text{PhyC}}{dt} = \mu(Q, P_{max}) \cdot \text{PhyC}$$

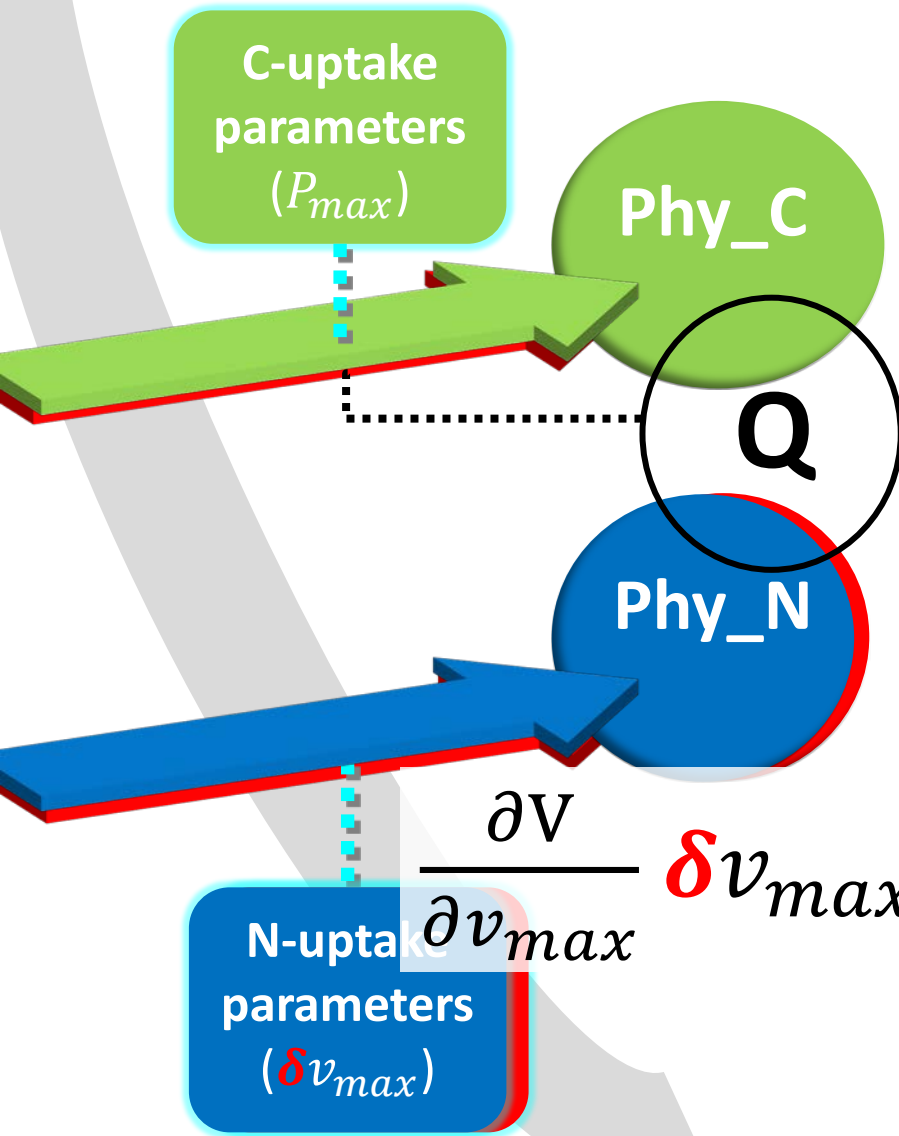
$$V = \mu \cdot Q$$

$$Q = \frac{\text{Phy}_N}{\text{Phy}_C}$$

$$\frac{d\text{PhyN}}{dt} = V(v_{max}) \cdot \text{PhyC}$$



propagating a parameter **perturbation**



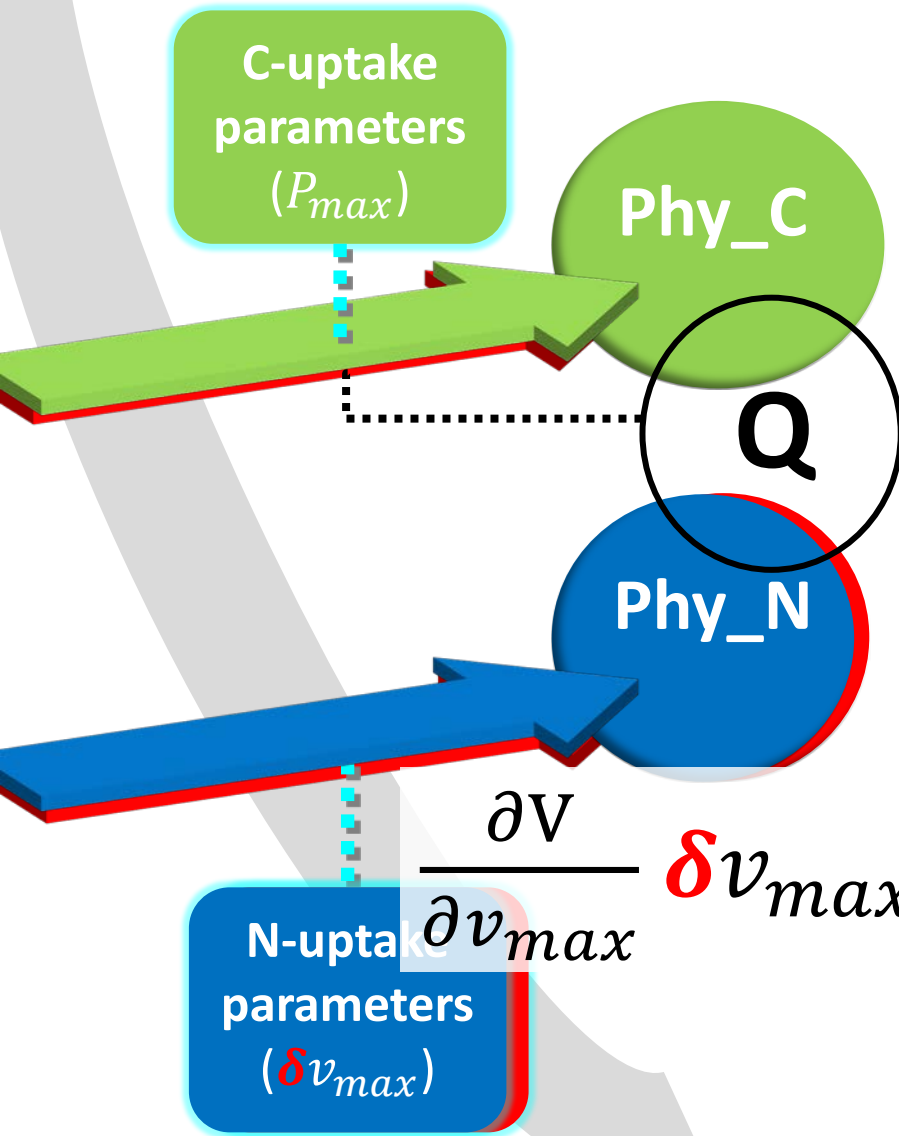
$$V = \mu \cdot Q$$

$$\delta V = \delta(\mu \cdot Q)$$

$$\delta V = \delta\mu \cdot Q + \mu \cdot \delta Q$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial V}{\partial v_{max}} \delta v_{max} &= \delta V = \frac{\partial \mu}{\partial Q} \delta Q \cdot Q + \mu \cdot \delta Q \\ &= \left(\frac{\partial \mu}{\partial Q} Q + \mu \right) \cdot \delta Q \end{aligned}$$

propagating a parameter **perturbation**



$$\frac{d\mu}{dv_{max}} = \frac{\partial \mu}{\partial Q} \frac{\delta Q}{\delta v_{max}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial V}{\partial v_{max}} \delta v_{max} &= \delta V = \frac{\partial \mu}{\partial Q} \delta Q \cdot Q + \mu \cdot \delta Q \\ &= \left(\frac{\partial \mu}{\partial Q} Q + \mu \right) \cdot \delta Q \end{aligned}$$

~~PhyC (Trait, Env)~~

$$\frac{d\text{PhyC}}{dt} = \mu(\dots, \text{Env}) \cdot \text{PhyC}$$

~~$\mu(v_{max})$~~

$$\frac{dv_{max}}{dt} \sim \frac{d\mu}{dv_{max}}$$

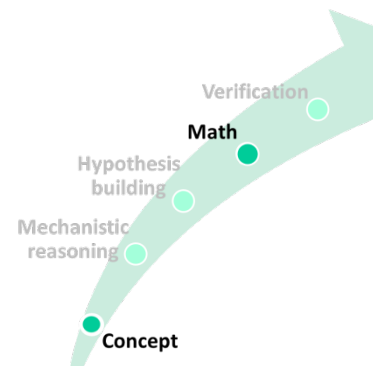
trait history

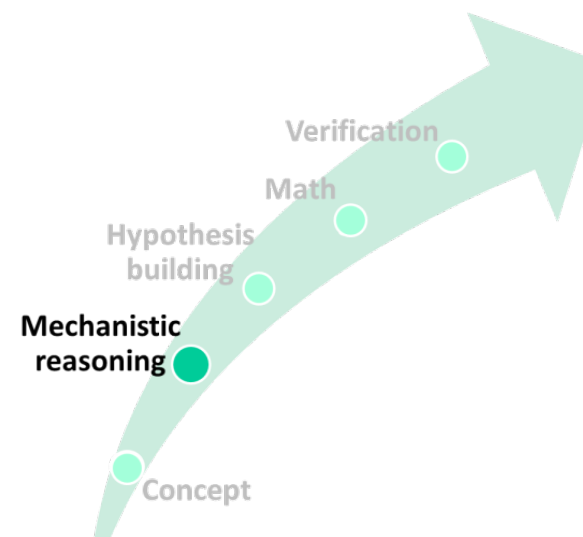
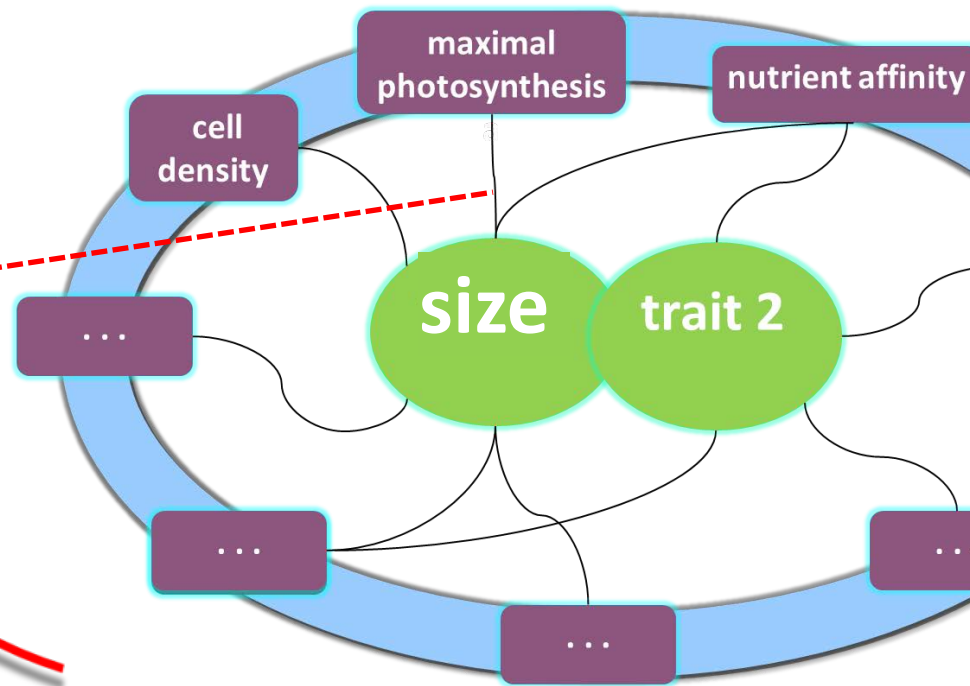
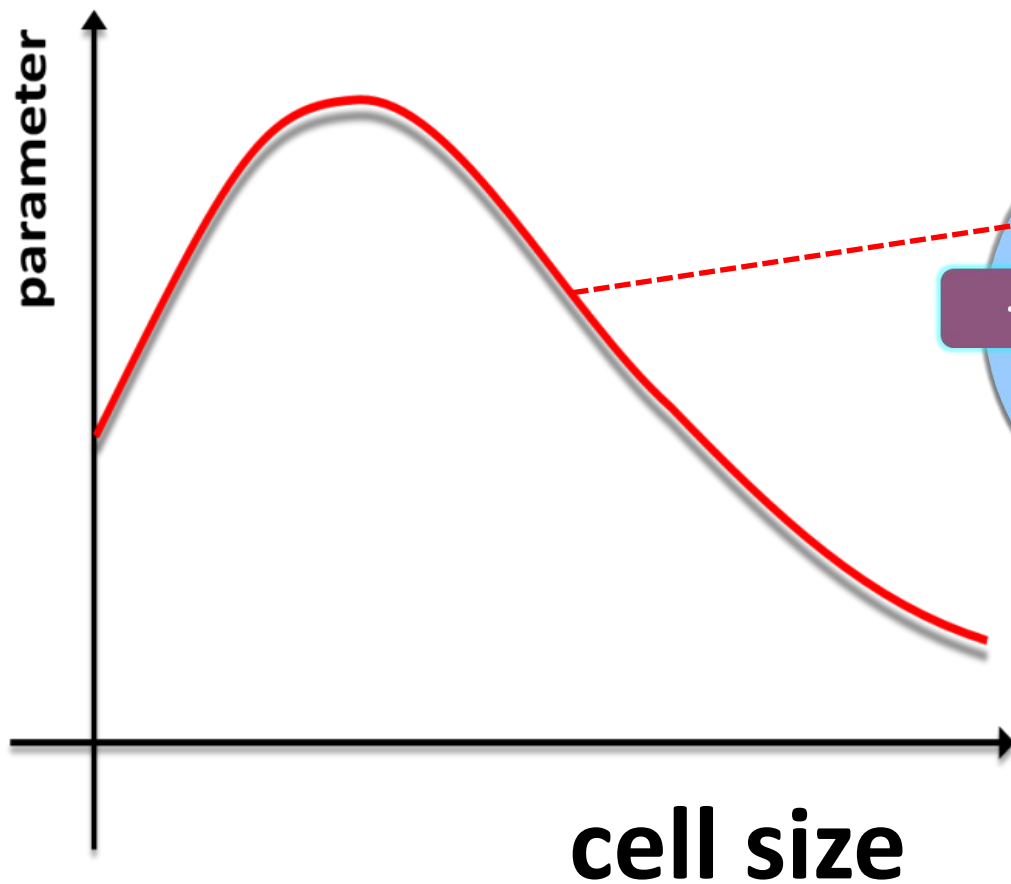
1. not always explicit trade-offs !
2. interpretation of observations/experiments requires a time-explicit approach

perturbation method:
multi-criteria optimization problems

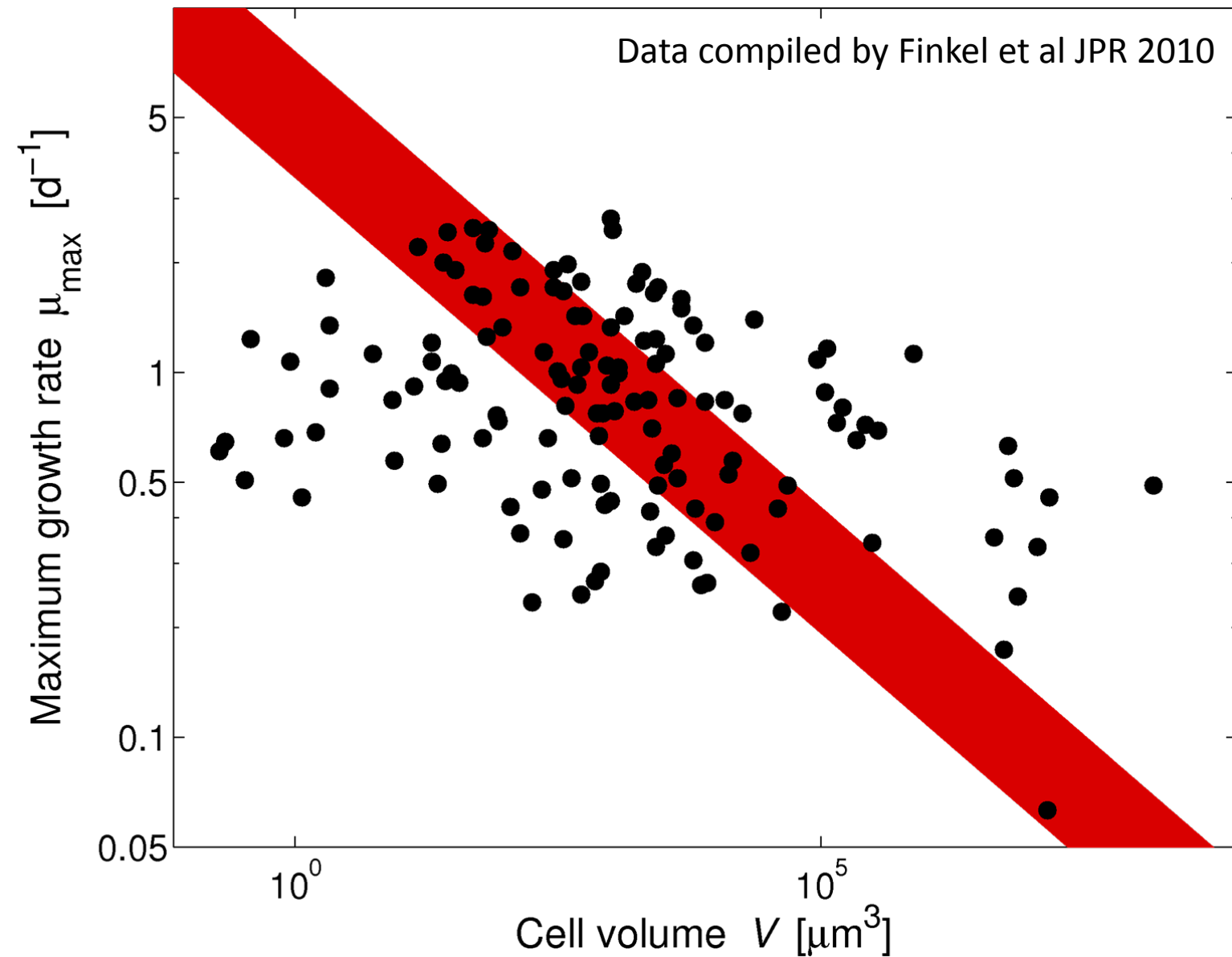
1. **nutrient uptake (N, P, ...)** → **Monod** (Wirtz&Pahlow 2010)
2. **optimality in uptake activity** → ~~**Q_{max}**~~ (Wirtz&Sommer 2013)
3. **population vs. community structure** (Wirtz&Sommer 2013)
4. **individual growth vs. reproduction**

**complete & consistent integration of
growth parameters**



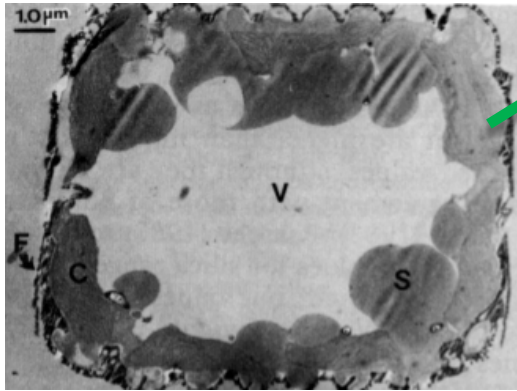


Maximum photosynthesis rate



Maximum photosynthesis rate

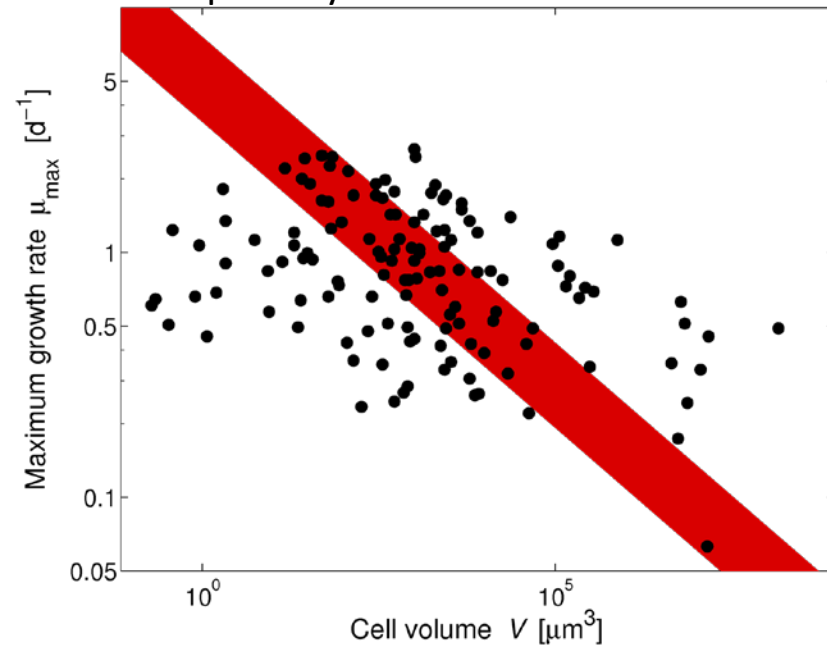
Cyclotella meneghiniana



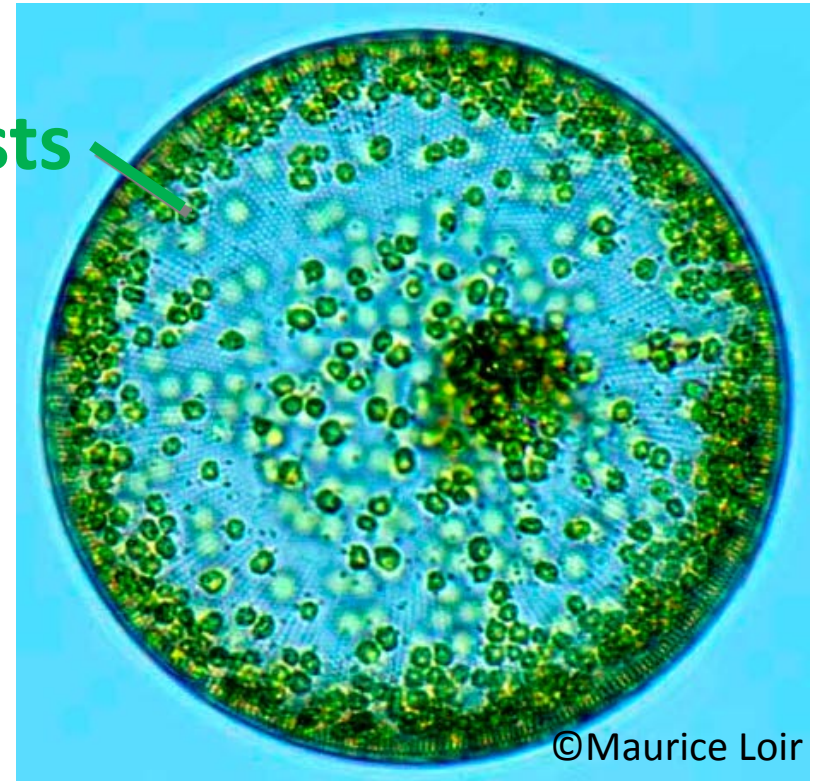
chloroplasts

Sicko-Goad et al 1985

Data compiled by Finkel et al 2010



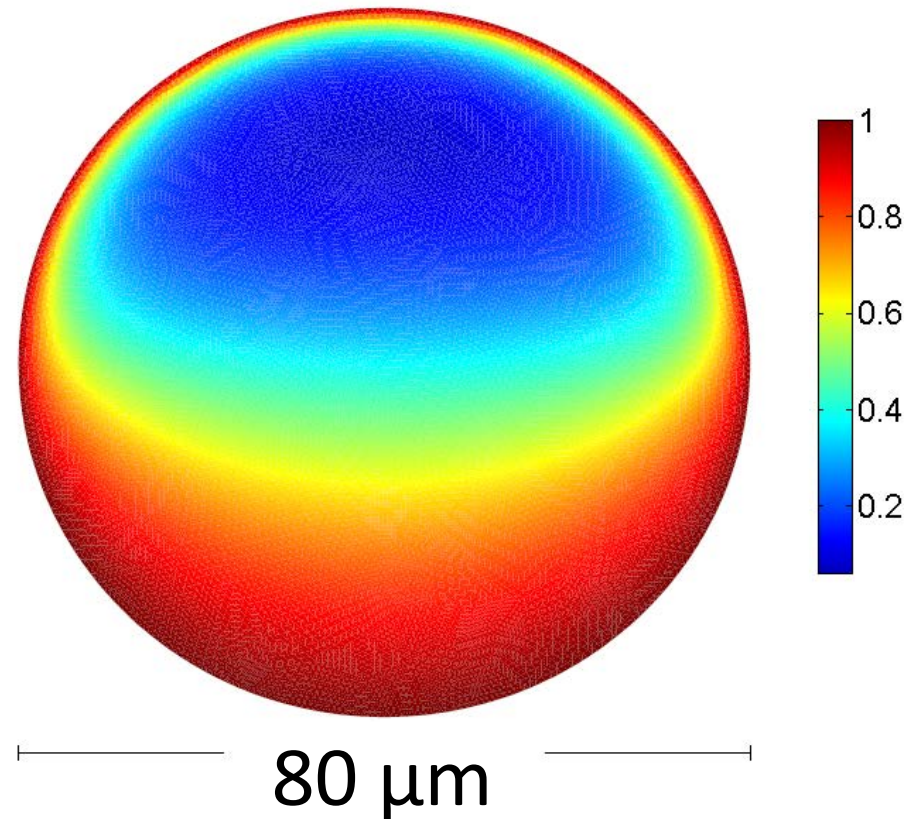
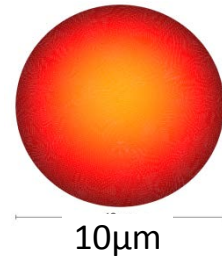
Coscinodiscus wailesii



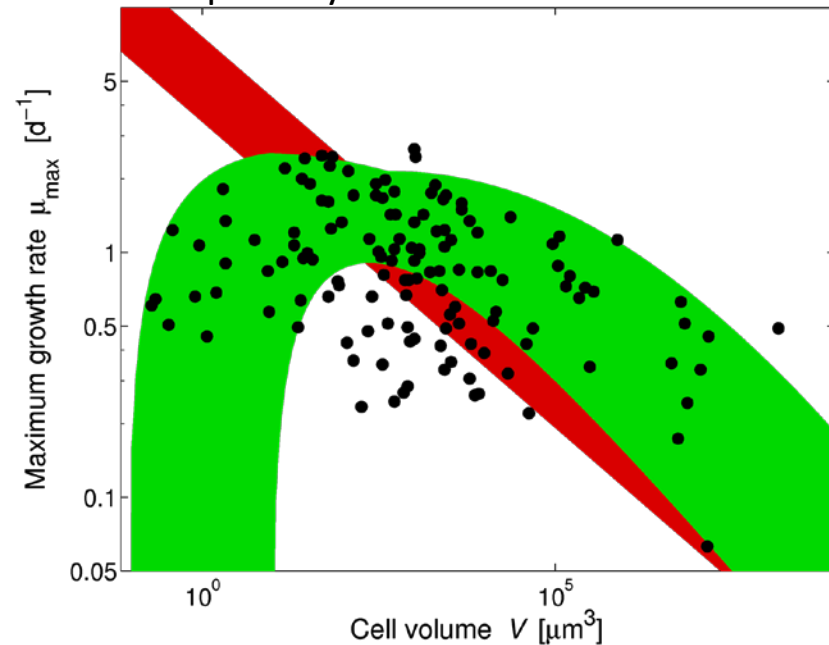
Non-uniform scaling
due to intracellular
transport limitation

Maximum photosynthesis rate

intracellular CO_2 /light gradients



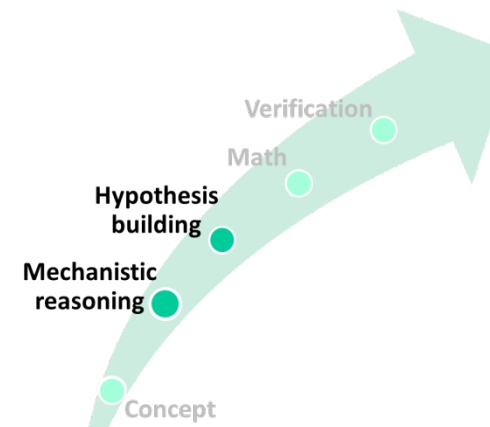
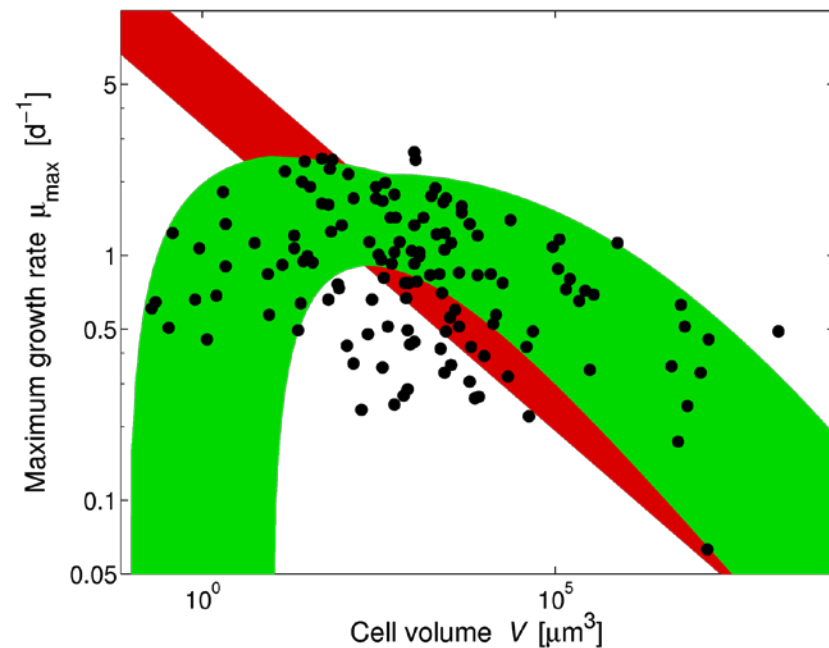
Data compiled by Finkel et al 2010

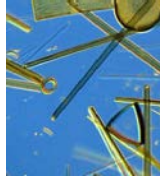


Non-uniform scaling
due to intracellular
transport limitation

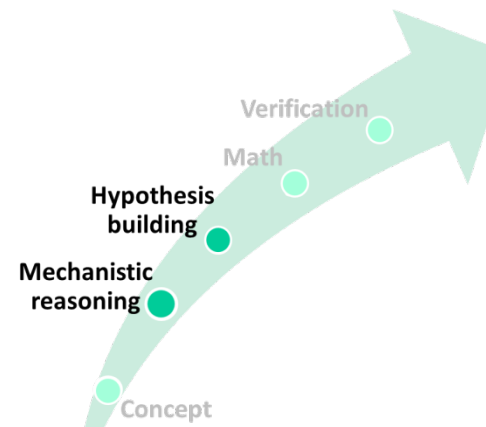
Non-uniform scaling ← intracellular transport limitation

- improves accuracy of size-based models
- biophysical coefficients
- **testable assumptions**
→ may stimulate new experimental designs

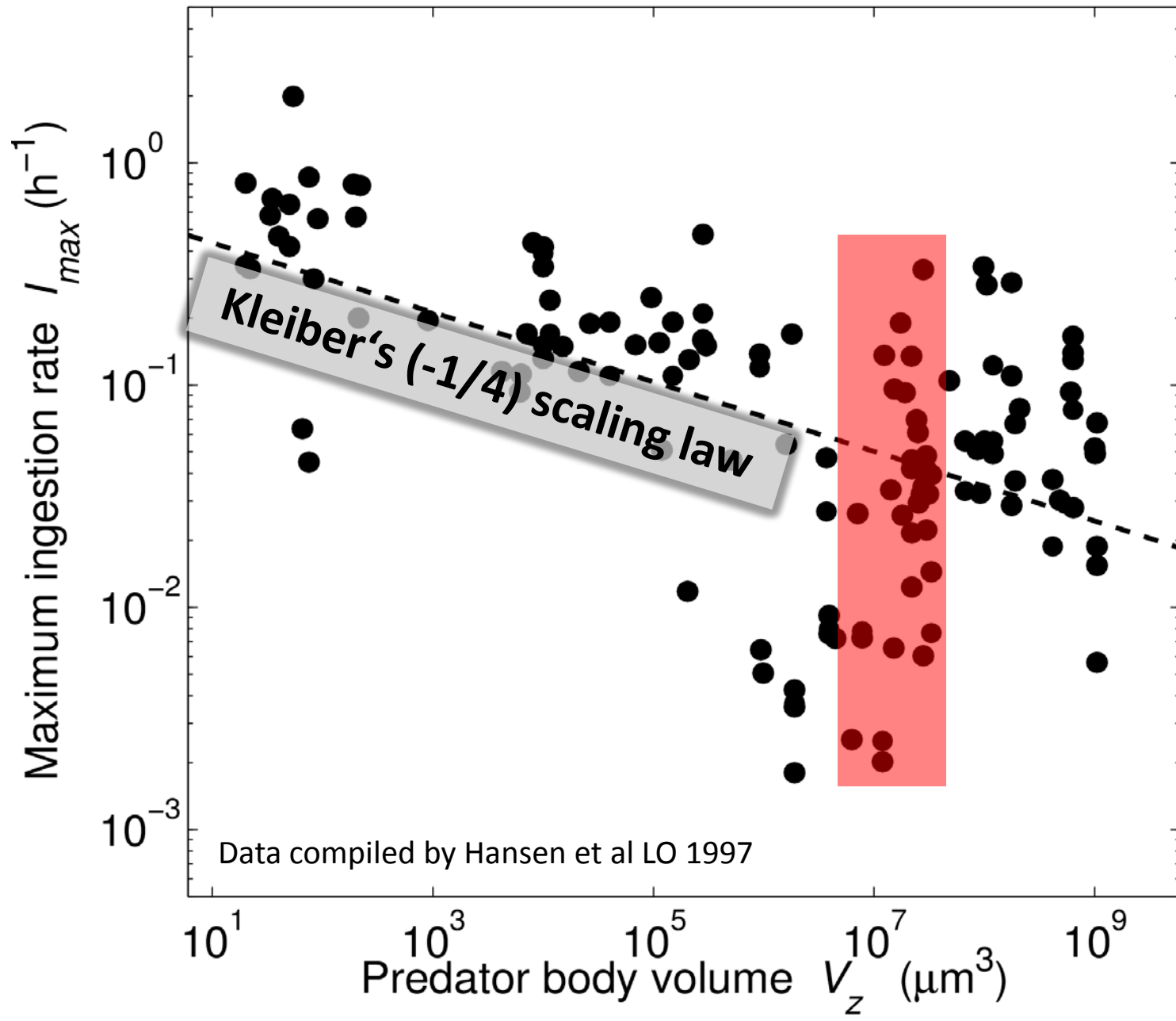




size scaling in growth parameters of heterotrophs



Allometry in maximum ingestion rate ?



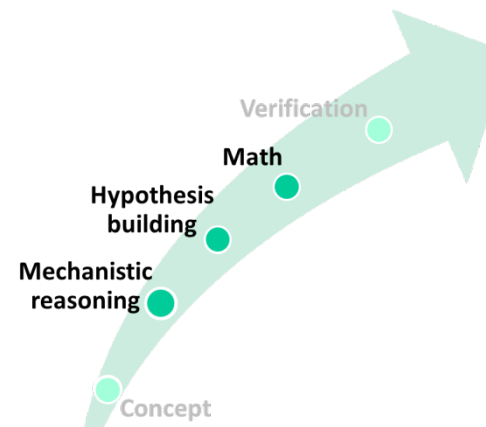
maximum
ingestion
rate

digestive surface area

$$I_{\max} = v_{\text{dig}} \cdot \frac{A_{\text{dig}}}{V_z}$$

body volume

“hydrolytic velocity”

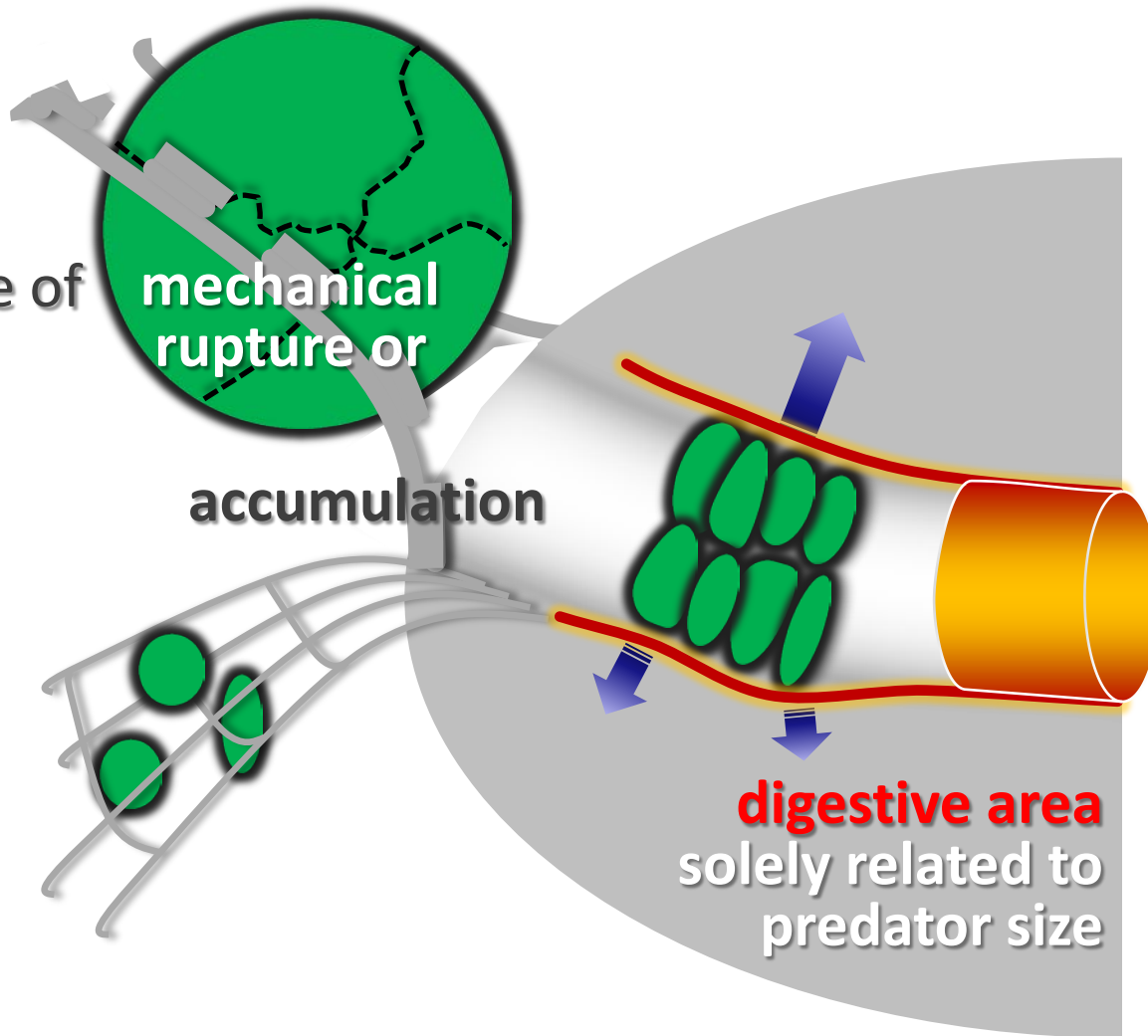


A

in case of

**mechanical
rupture or**

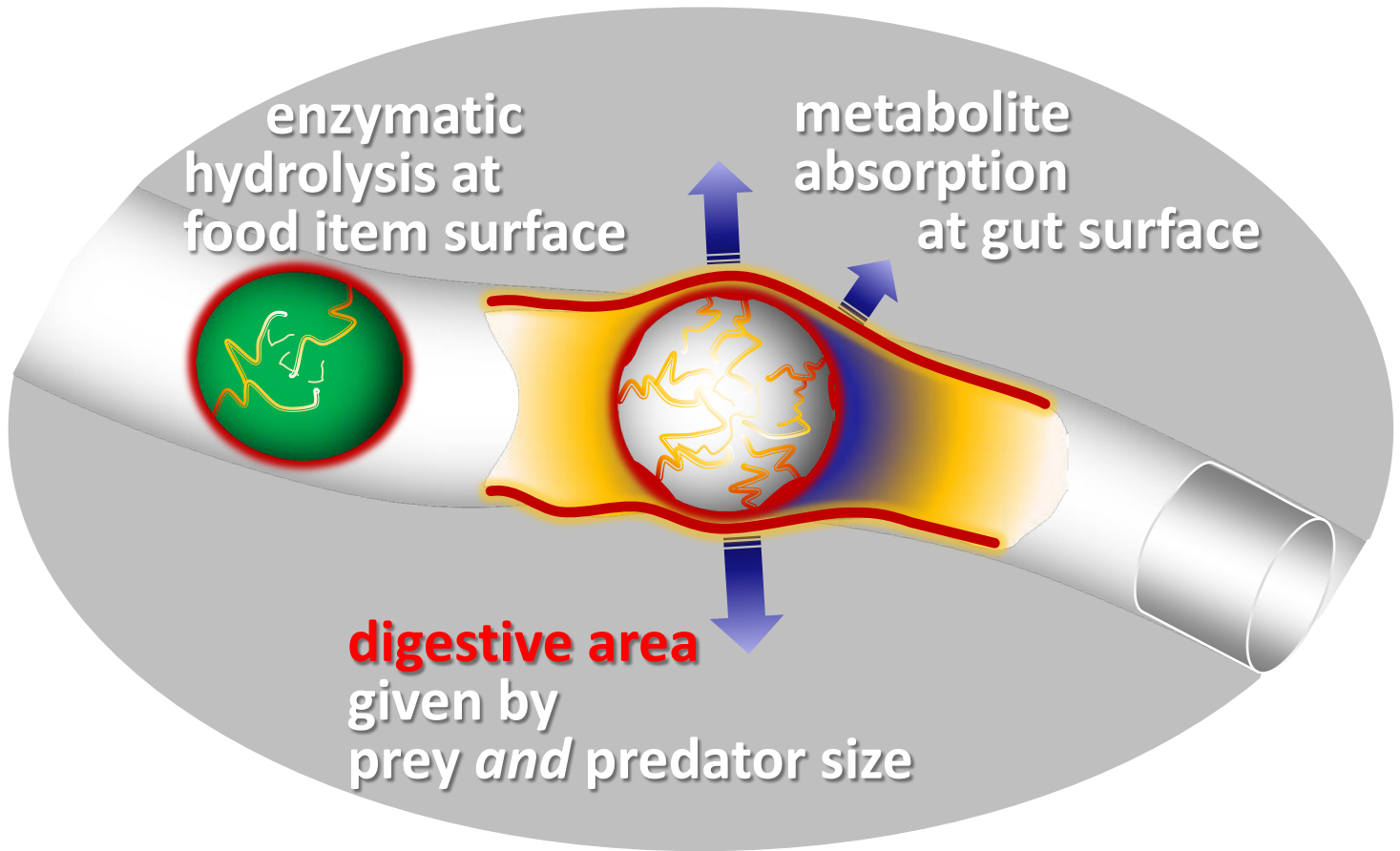
accumulation



digestive area
solely related to
predator size

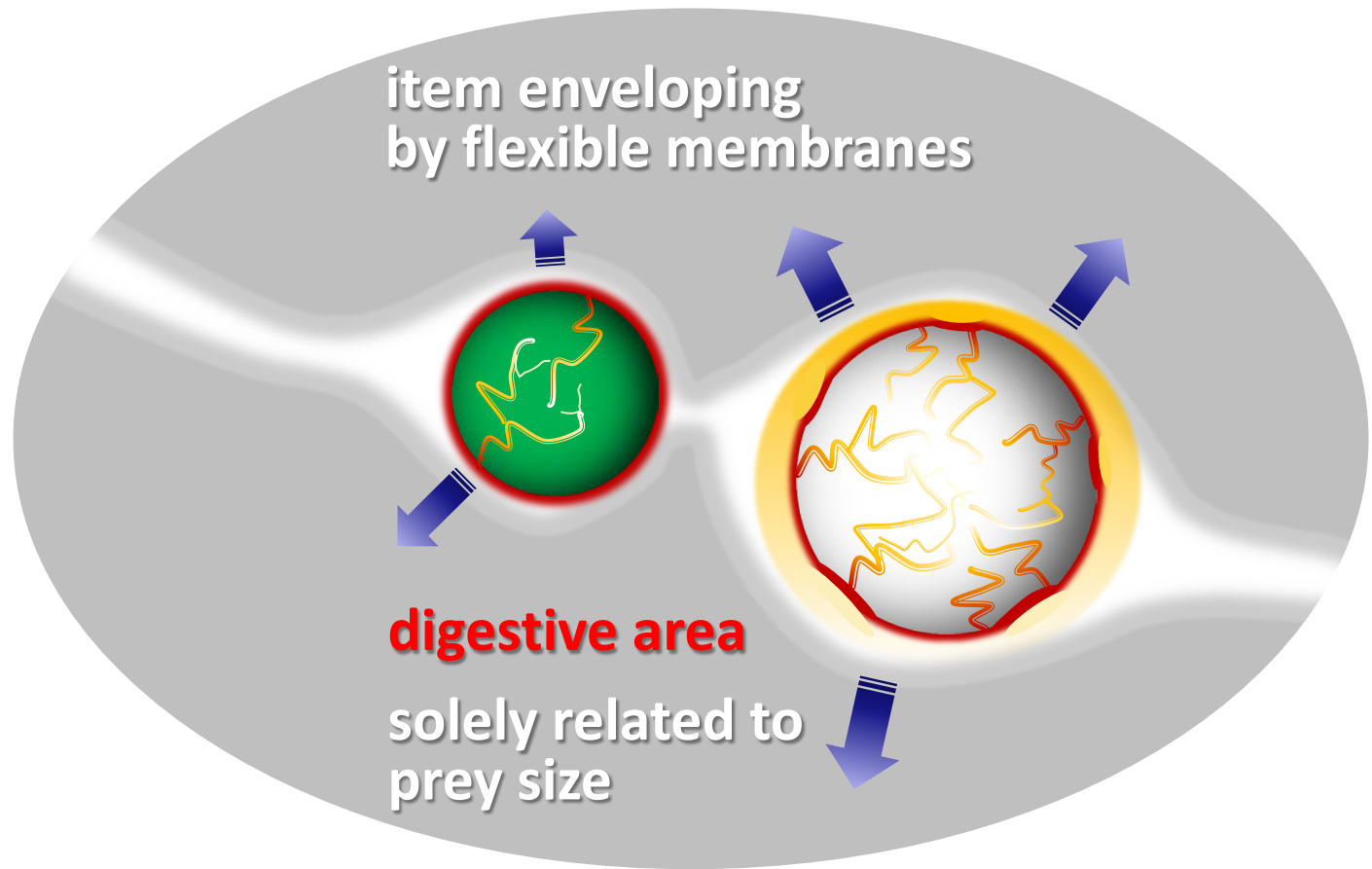
$$A_{\text{dig}} \sim D_z^2$$

B

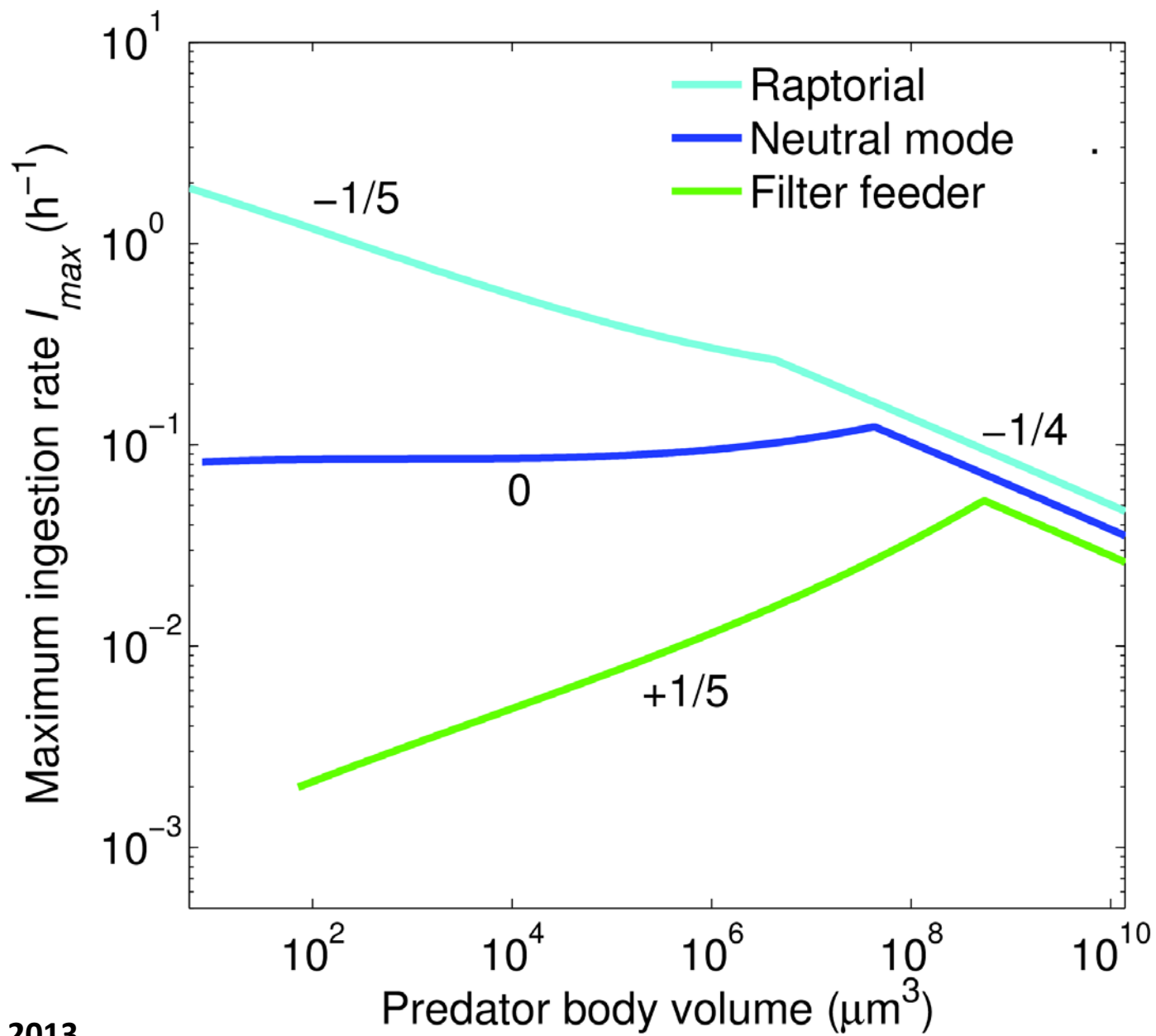


$$A_{\text{dig}} \sim D_z \cdot D_p$$

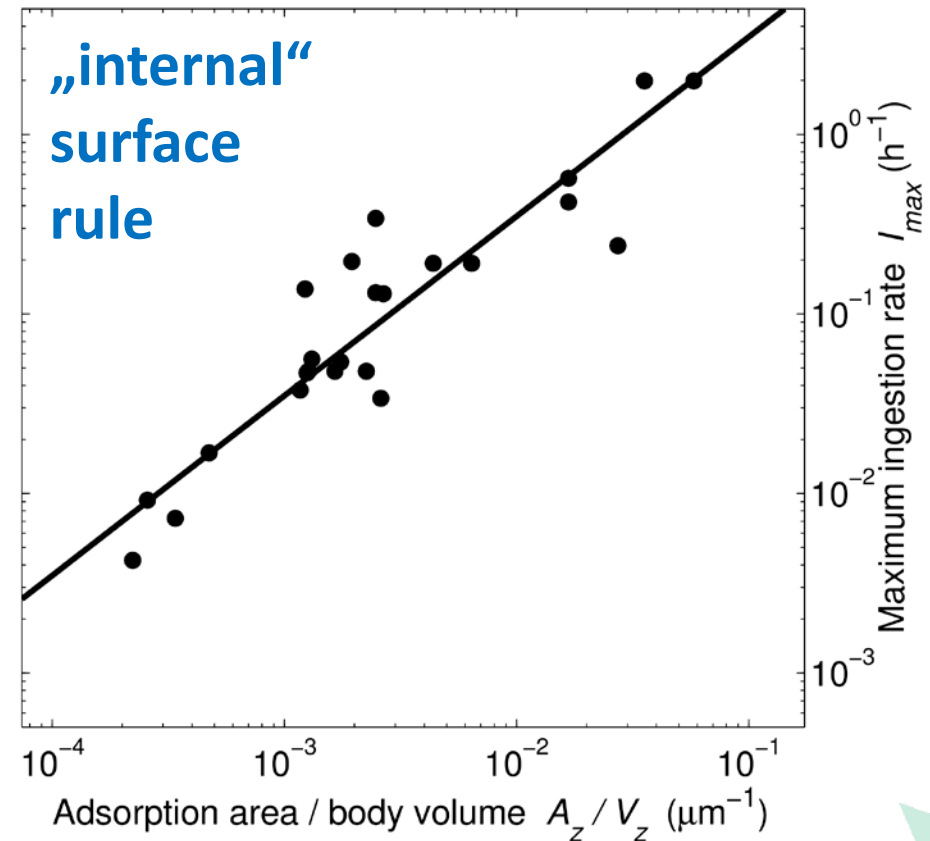
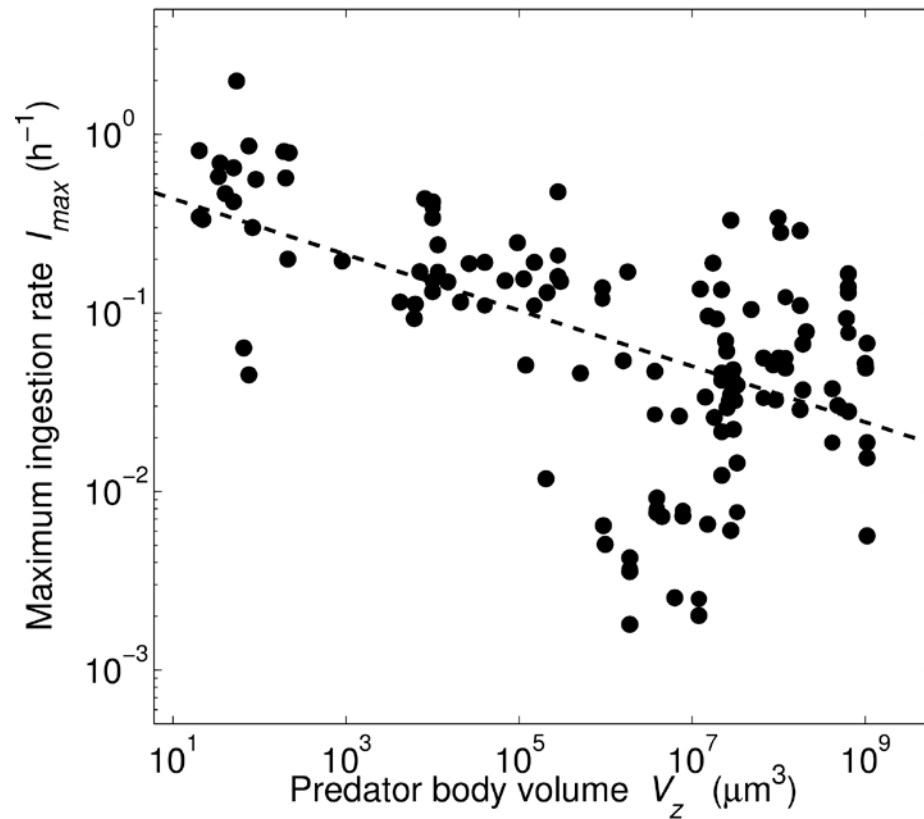
C

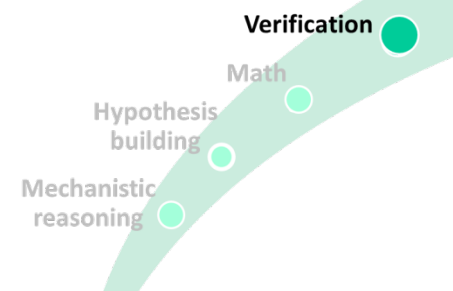
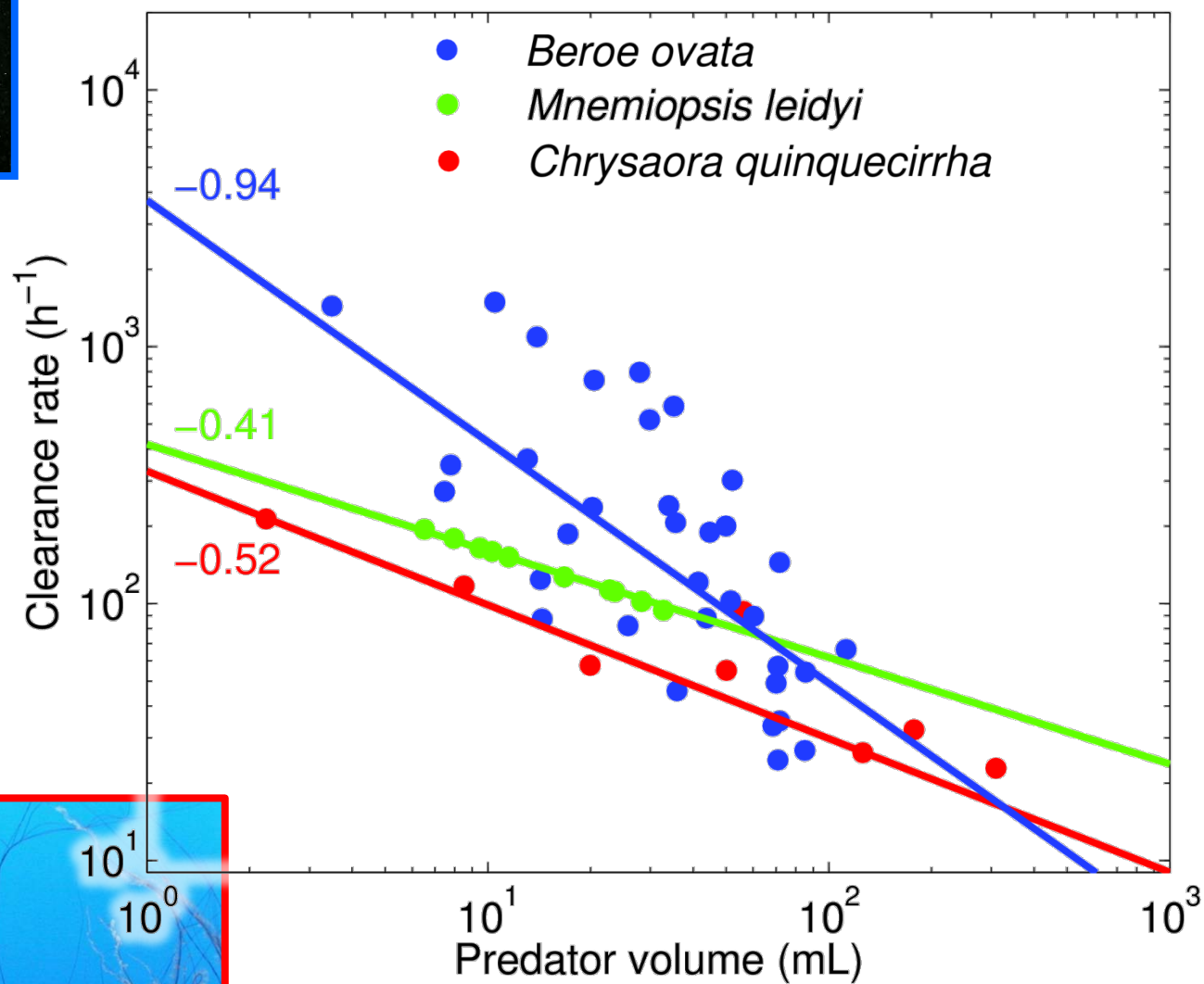
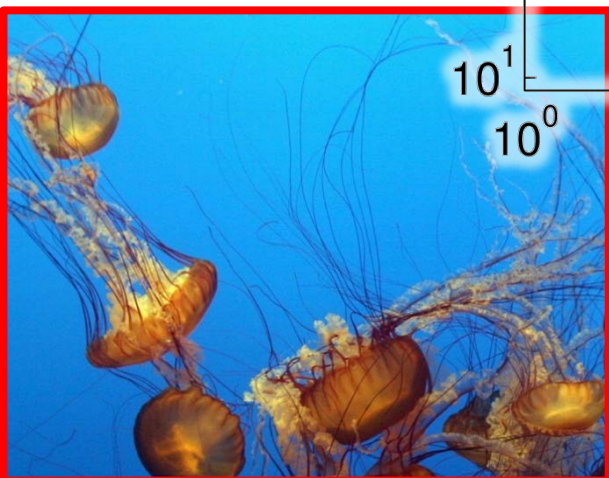


$$A_{\text{dig}} \sim D_p^2$$



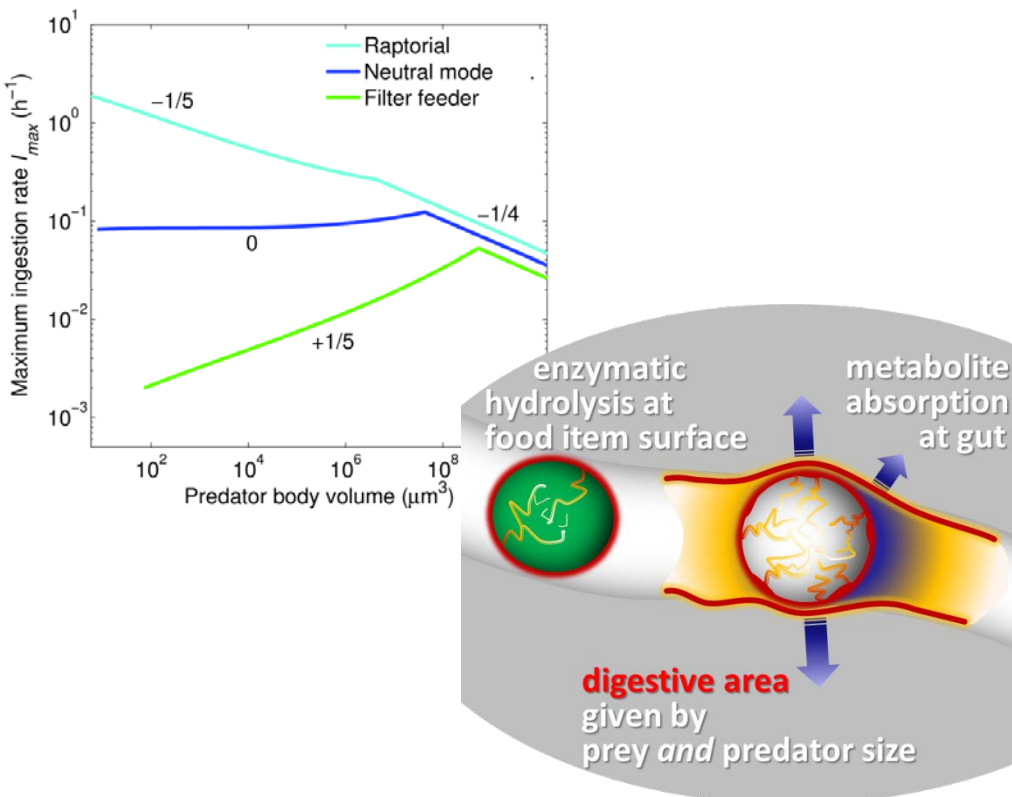
Mechanistic allometry in maximum ingestion rate





Non-uniform scaling ← intrabody transport limitation

- improves accuracy of size-based models
- biophysical coefficients
- may stimulate new experimental designs

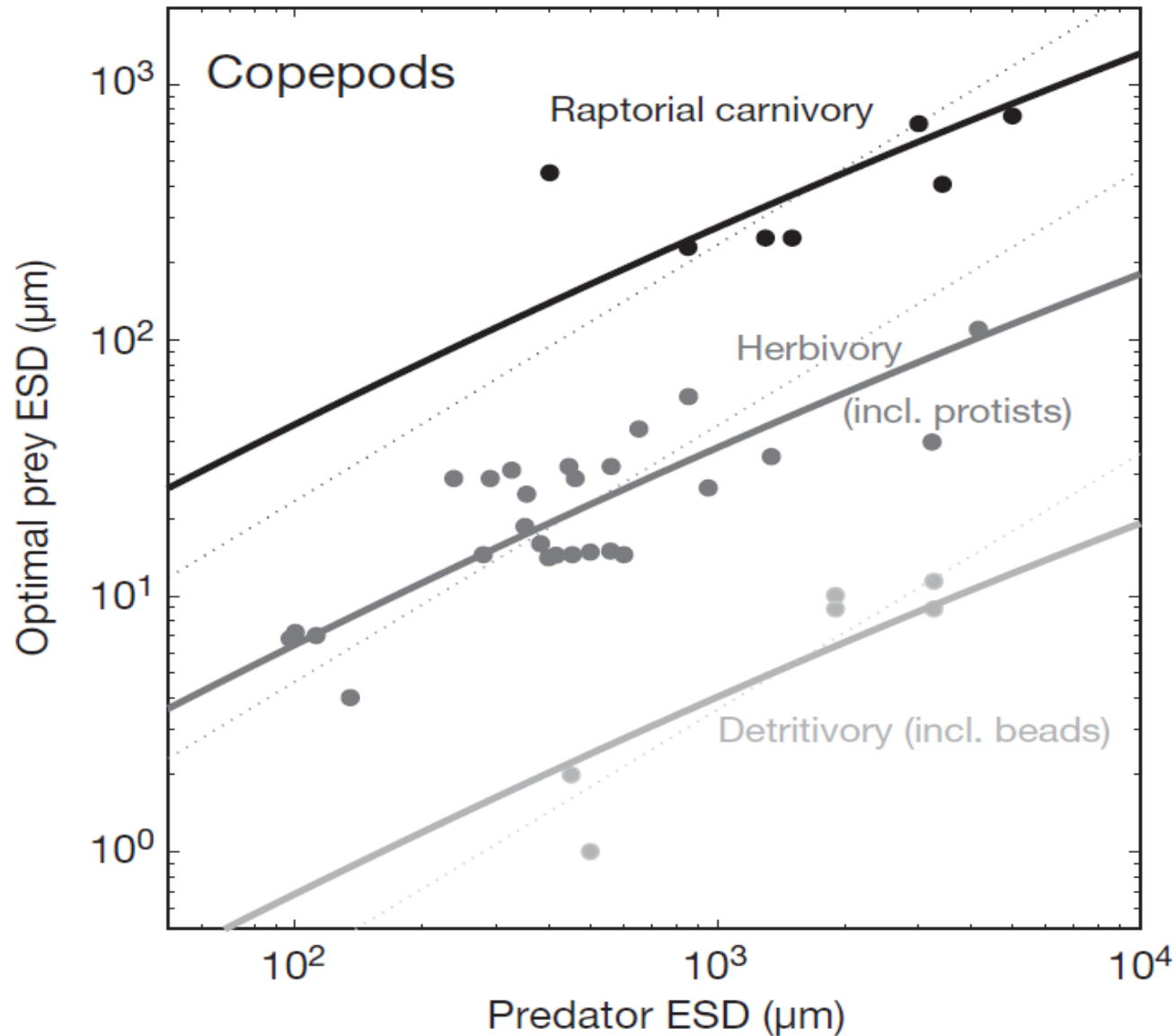


feeding mode:

**2nd fundamental trait
in zooplankton**

feeding mode

2nd fundamental trait in zooplankton



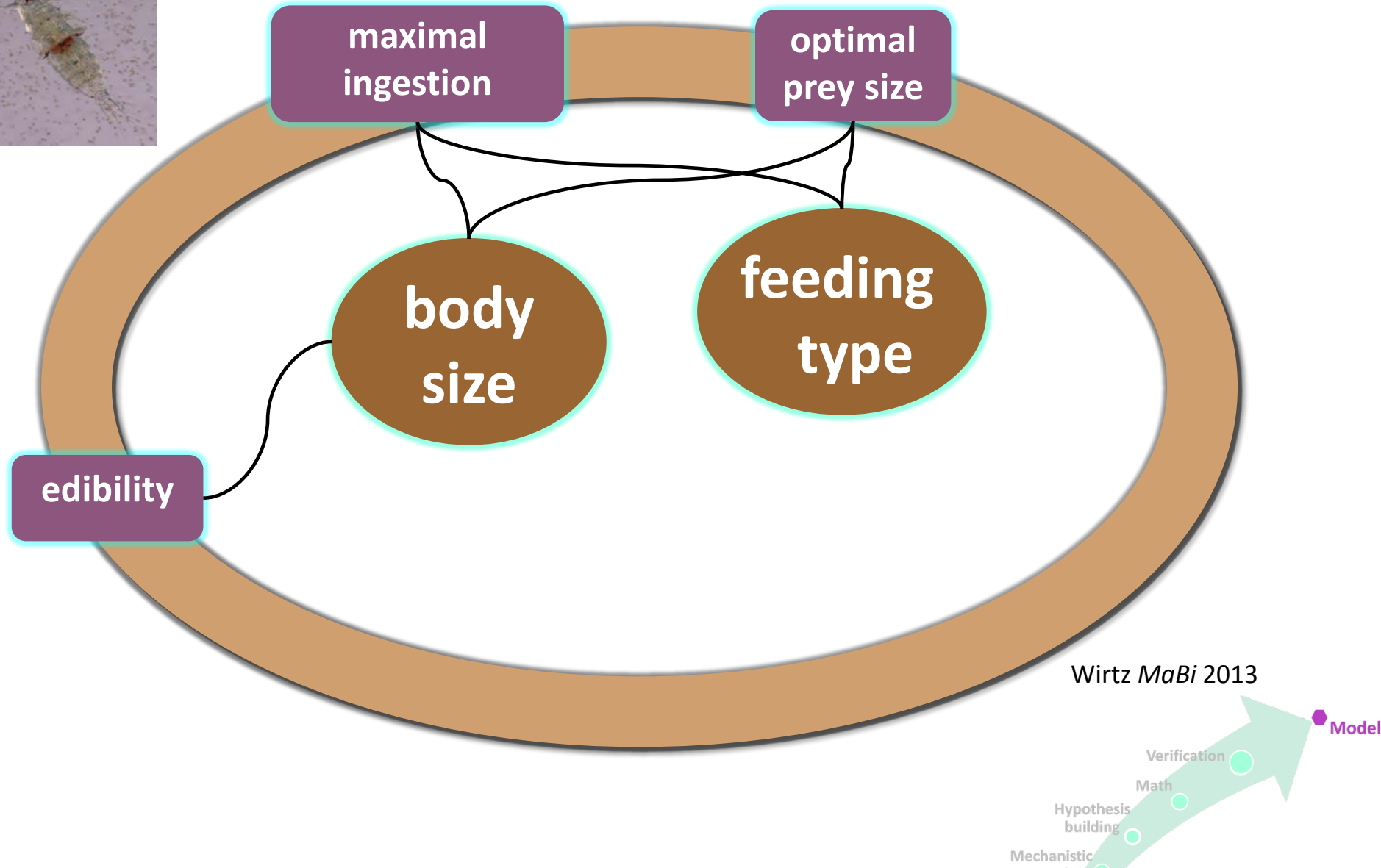
prey size

↑

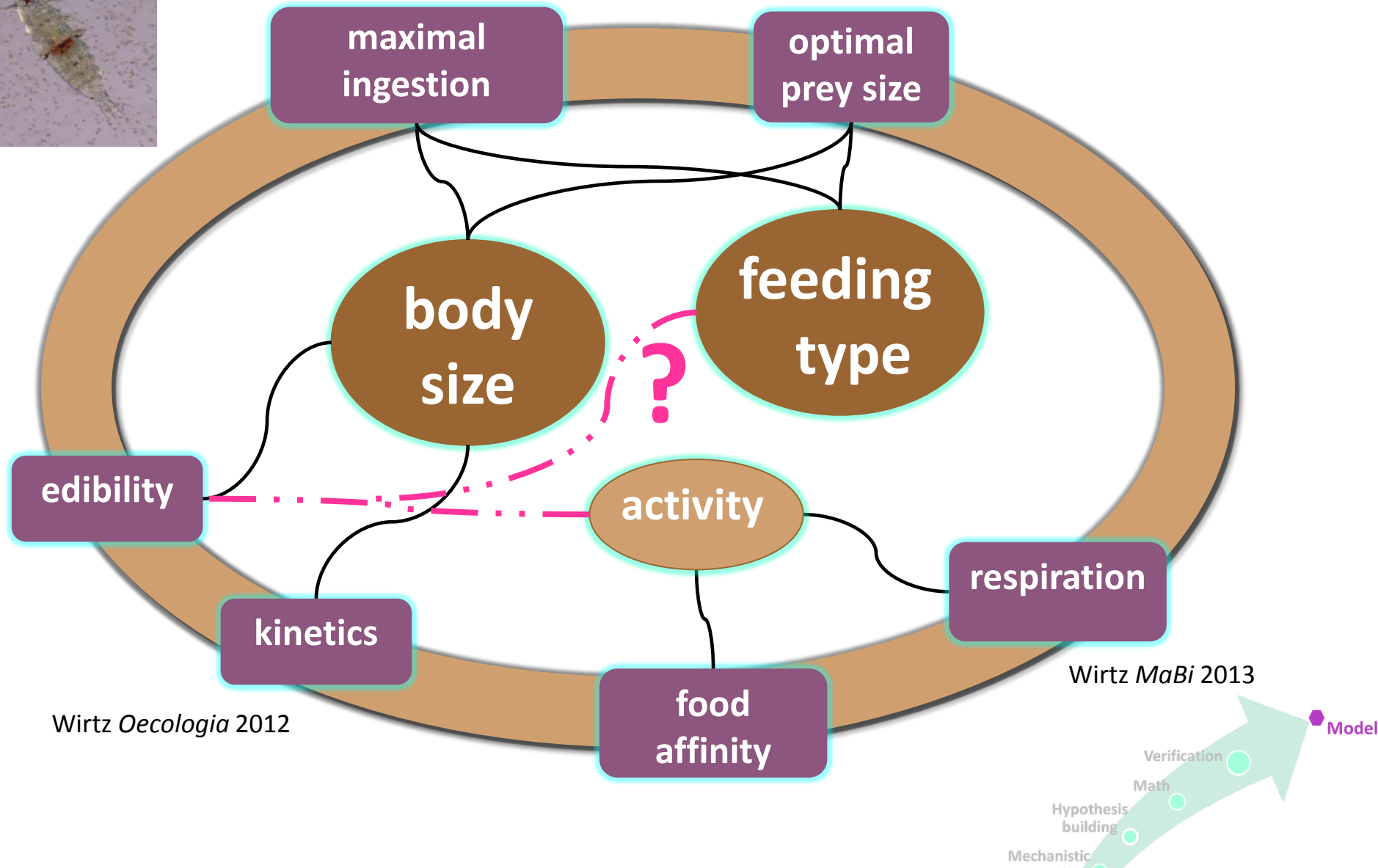
swimming speed

Wirtz MEPS 2012
(Hansen et al LO 1994)

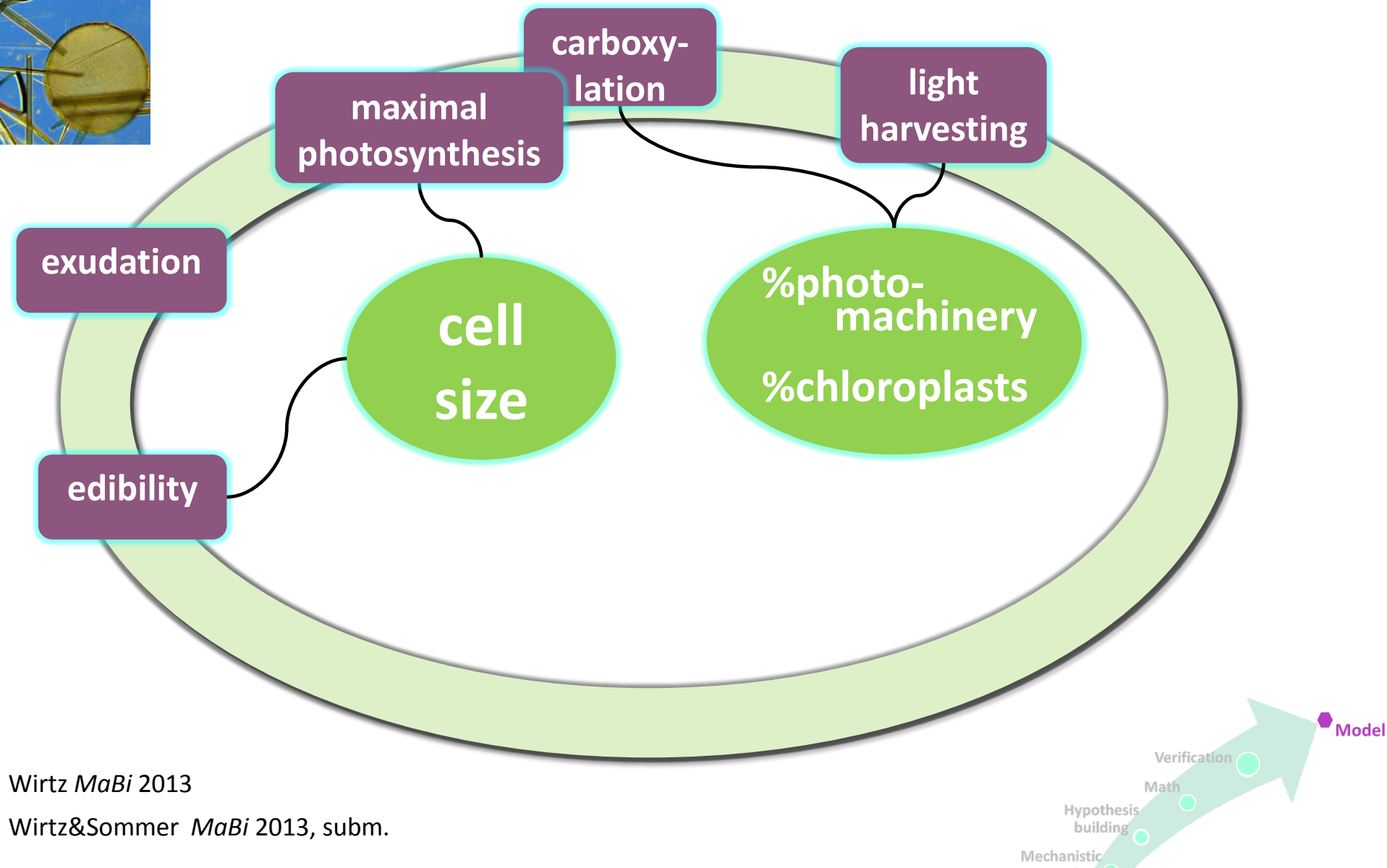
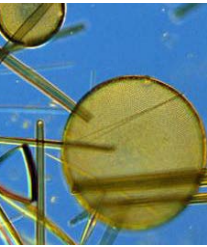
mechanistic trait-based zooplankton model



mechanistic trait-based zooplankton model

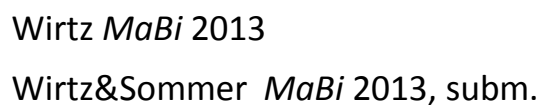


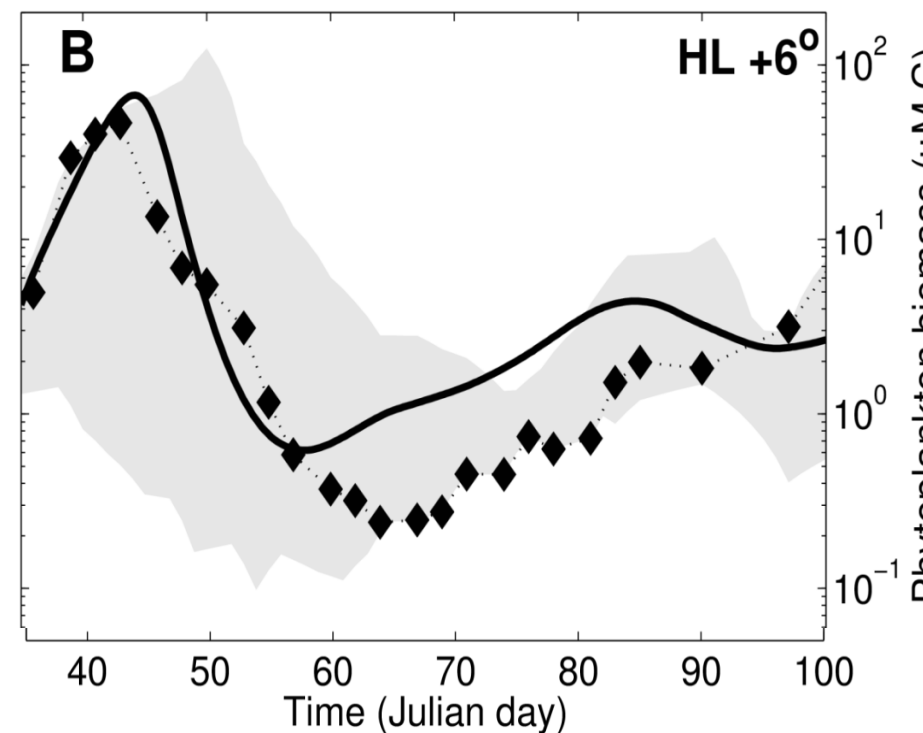
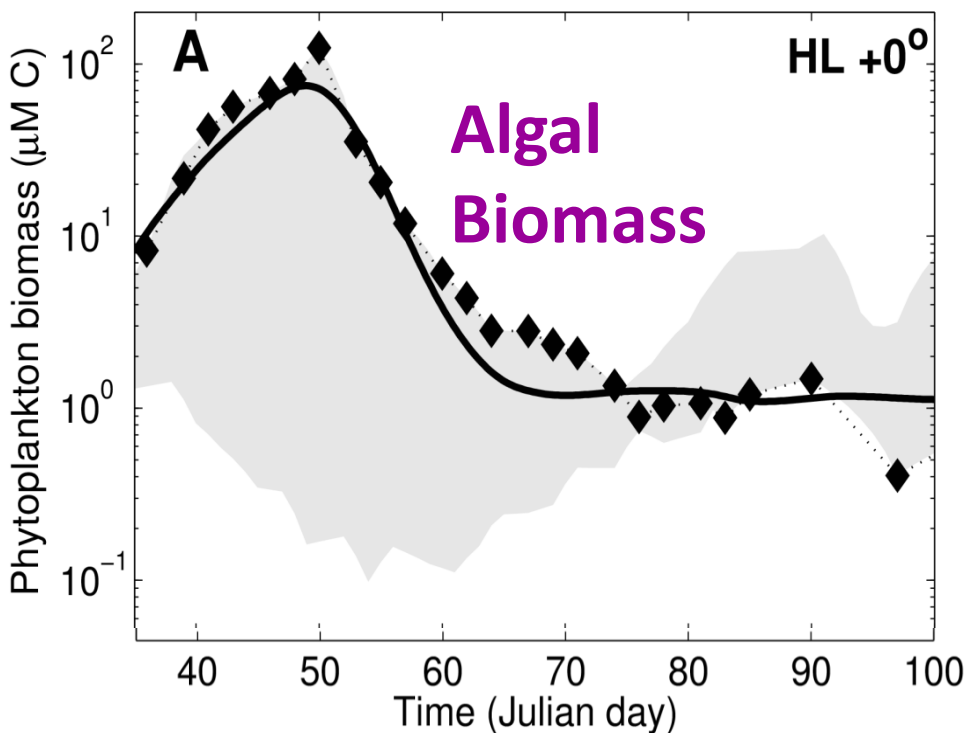
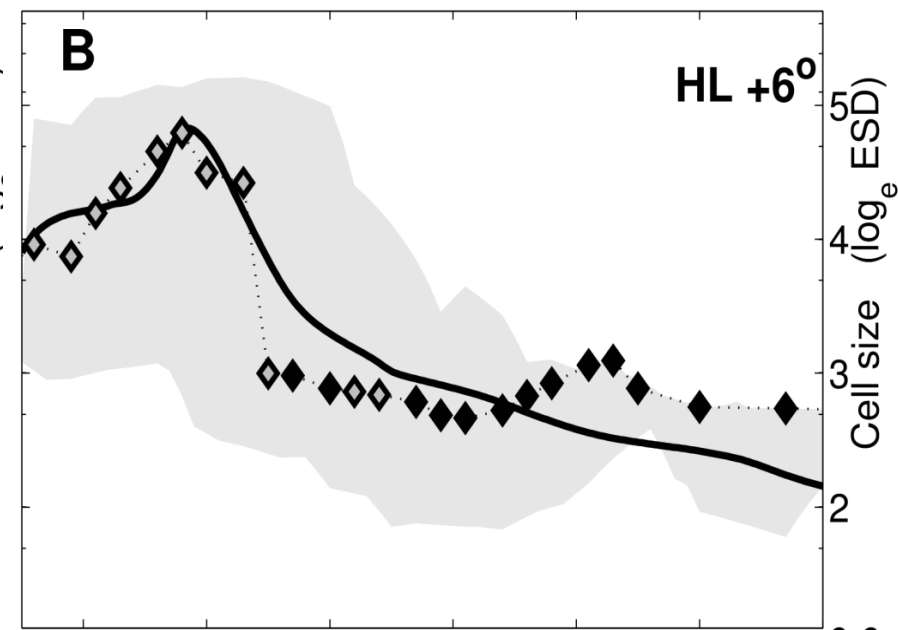
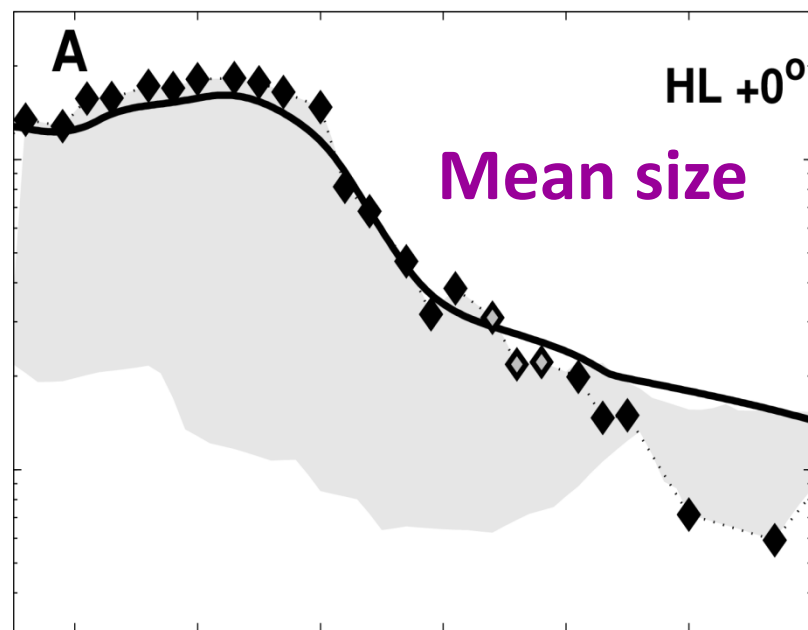
mechanistic trait-based phytoplankton model

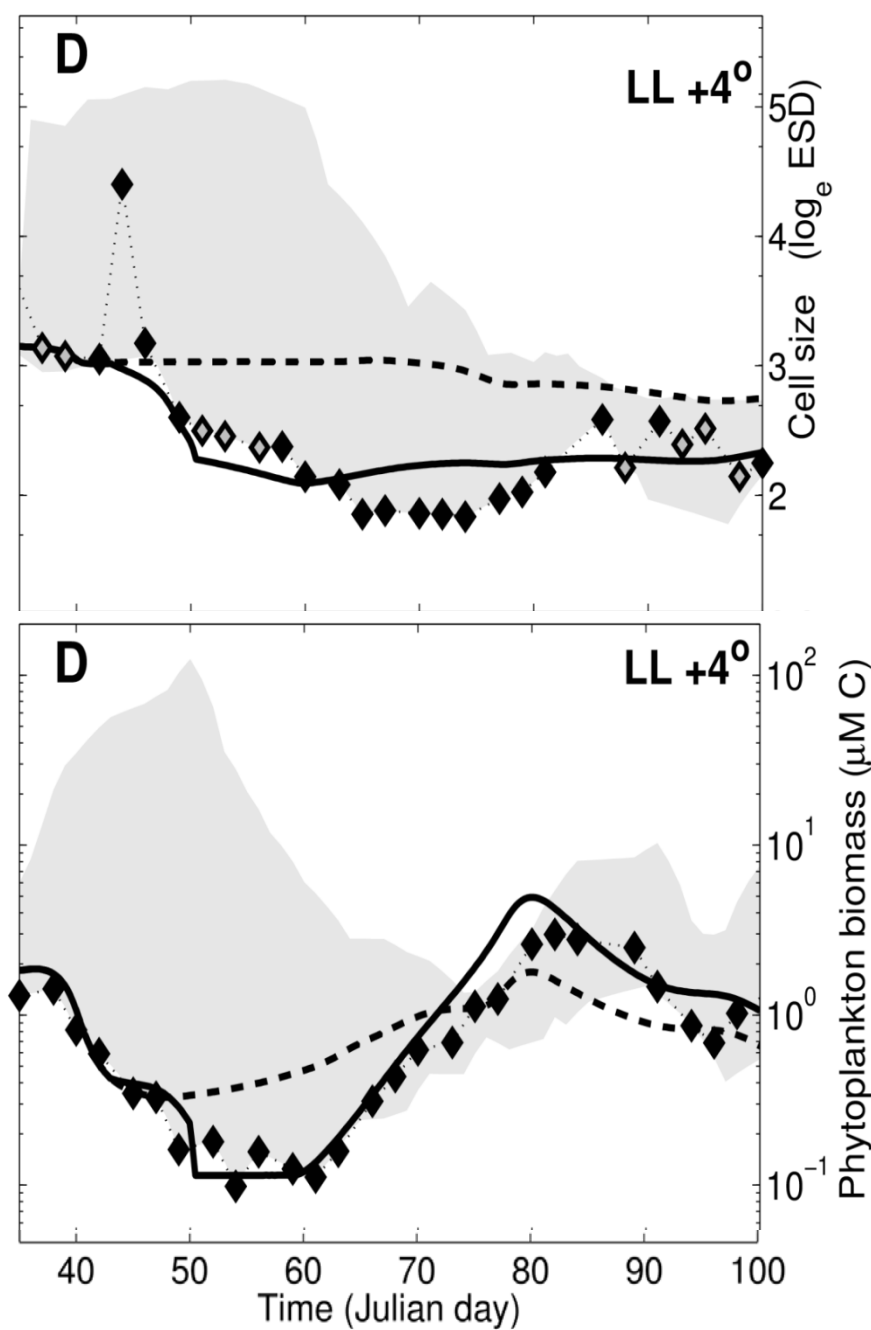
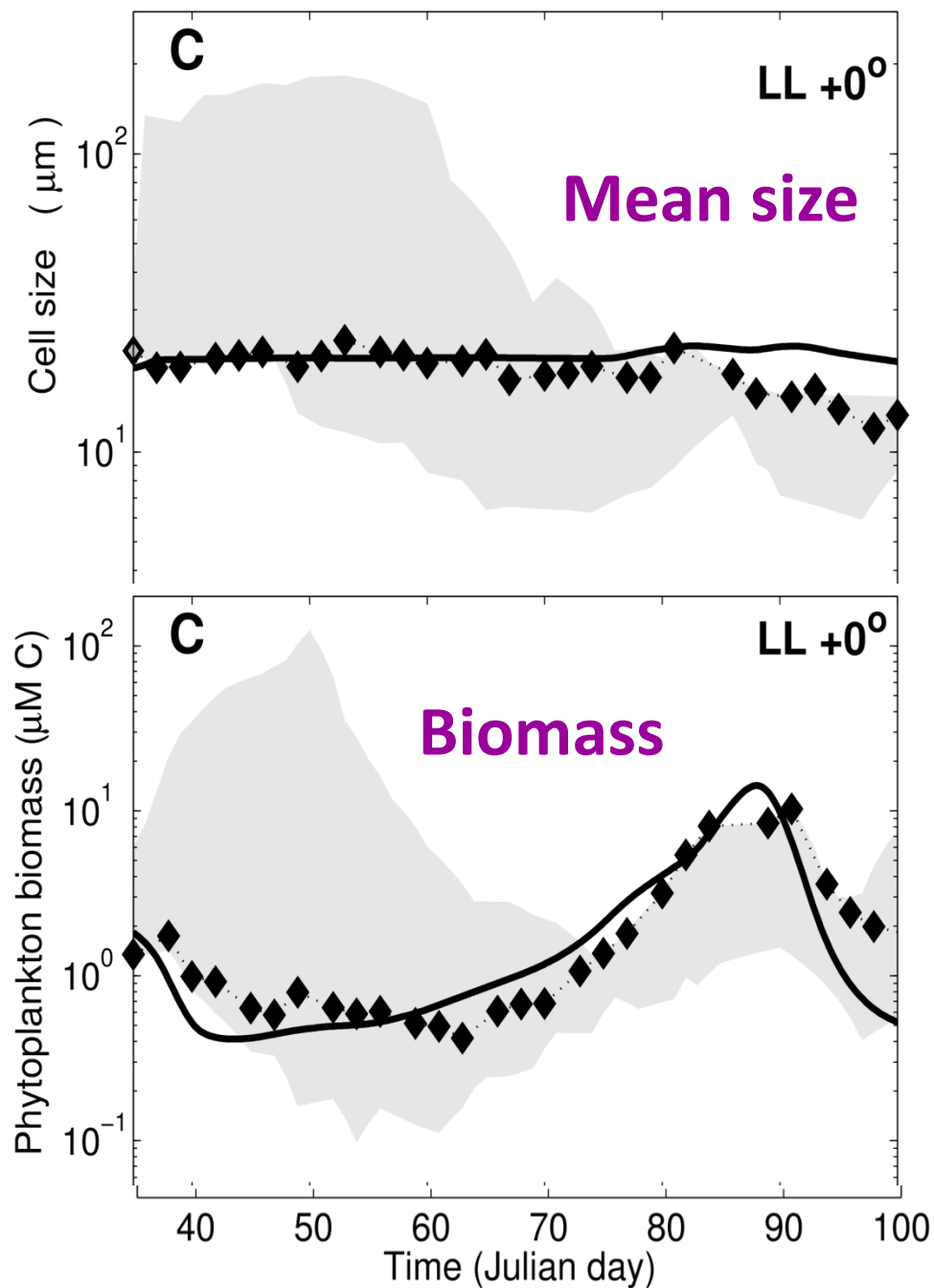


Wirtz *MaBi* 2013

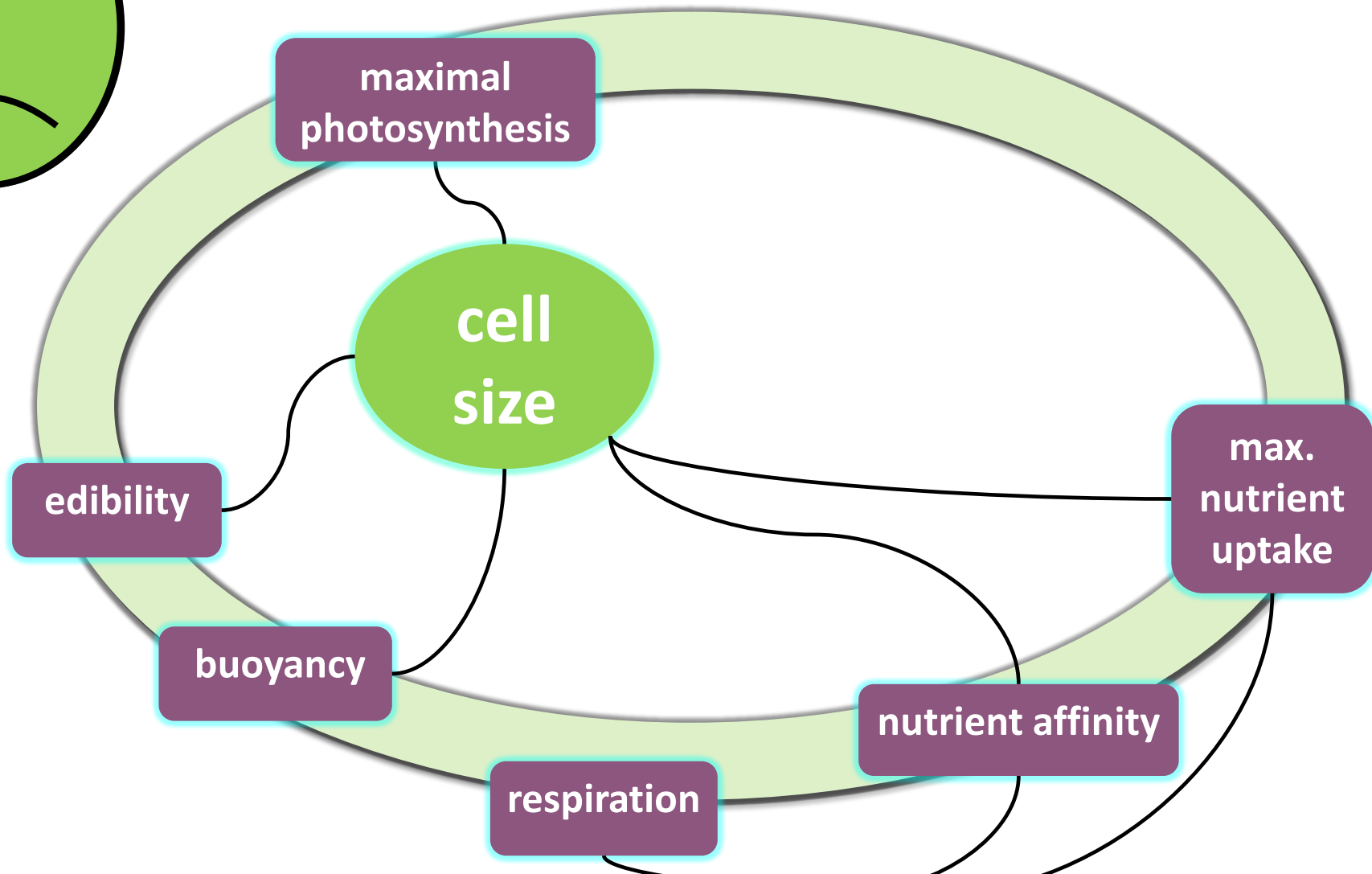
Wirtz&Sommer *MaBi* 2013, subm.







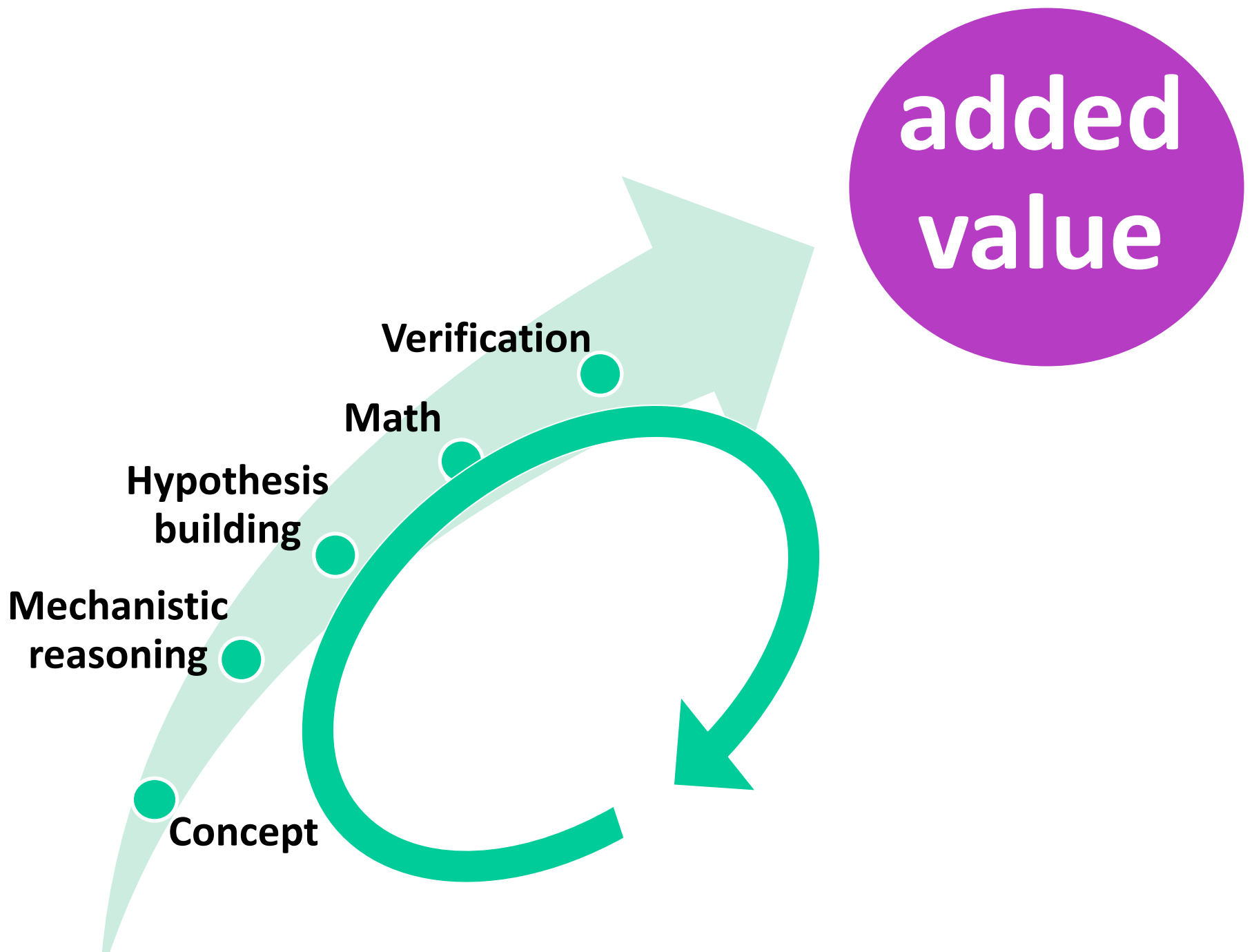
sub-critical number of trait-relations



trait-based, mechanistic model development

requires and generates

- new trait definitions
- mechanistic functions (e.g., *non-uniform* scaling)
- new hypotheses & experimental approaches
- integral view on ecophysiology (*differential* „trade-offs“)



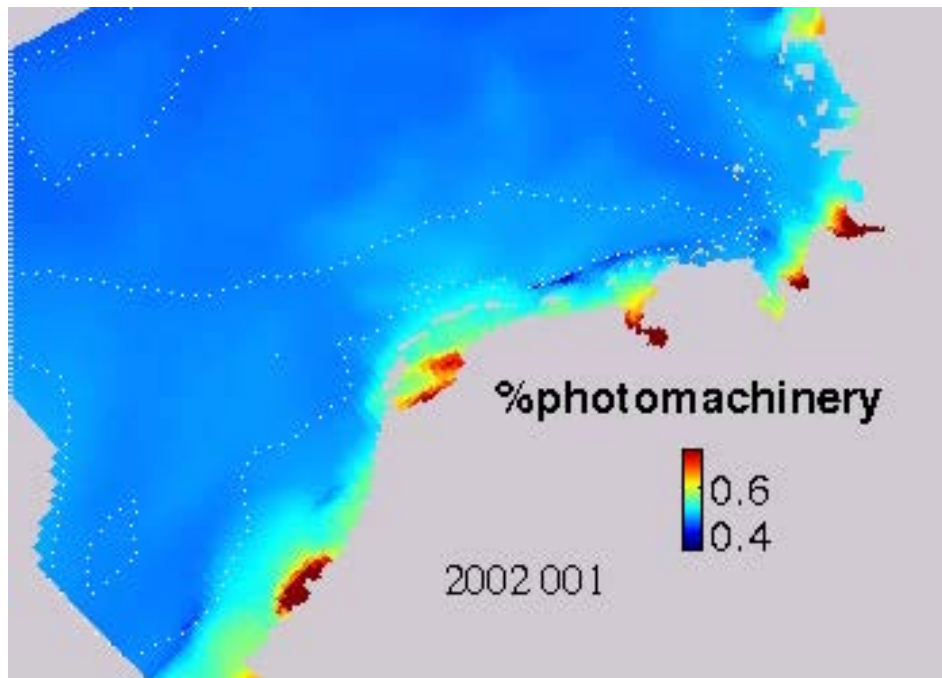
Thanks for your attention

and to

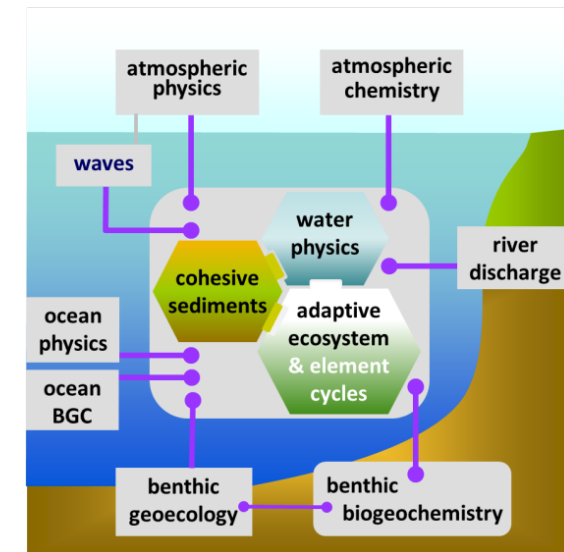
Richard Hofmeister, Carsten Lemmen, Onur Kerimoglu,
Lan Smith, Jorn Bruggeman, Uli Sommer

southern North Sea

trait: C-fraction related to C-assimilation



modular coupling



$$\frac{d\text{Trait}}{dt} \sim \frac{d\mu}{d\text{Trait}}$$